McKEAN COUNTY MINER.

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VOL. XXXI. SMETHPORT, McKEAN COUNTY, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1894. NO. 36.

Official Directory

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[illegible] W. M. Jackson
[illegible] McM. Gregg
[illegible] Thos. J. Stewart.

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[illegible] Election—J. C. Backus.
[illegible] of Election—E. F. Waller, John

Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in [illegible] First Monday in June and October [illegible] Monday in December

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M. McKean Lodge, No. 388 meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock at Masonic Hall, Main street.
GEO. E. BROWNELL, W. M.
[illegible] Sec'y.

I. O. O. F. Smethport Lodge, No. 390 meets every [illegible] evening at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall [illegible] Initiatory degree 1st meeting of [illegible] 1st degree on second 3d degree on [illegible] degree on fourth meetings.
C. A. BURDICK, N. G.
[illegible] Sec'y.

I. O. O. F. Smethport Encampment No. [illegible] first and Third Wednesdays of each [illegible] I. O. O. F. Hall.
F. H. GARITY, Chief Patriarch.
[illegible] CHOATE, Scribe.

G. A. R. McKean Post No. 347 meets First [illegible] Thursday evening of each month at [illegible] in the A. O. U. W. Hall Backus
F. A. ROBBINS, Com.
[illegible] CHOATE, Adjutant.

W. R. C. Meets Thursday afternoon at [illegible] A. O. U. W. Hall Backus Block
MRS. SARAH M. VICKERY Prest.
MRS. LIZZIE CHAMBERS, Sec'y.

KNIGHTS OF ST. JOHN AND MALTA. Key [illegible] Encampment No. 77 meets 1st and 3d [illegible] evenings in I. O. O. F. Hall.
R. I. KNAPP, Em. Com.
[illegible] Chancellor

[illegible] W. Smethport Lodge, No. 162 meets first and last Tuesday evenings [illegible] in the A. O. U. W. Hall Backus [illegible]
CHAS. LEMMLER, M. W.
[illegible] GORTON, Recorder

[illegible] Smethport Union No. 525 meets on [illegible] 1st and 3rd Wednesday evenings [illegible] in I. O. O. F. hall.
E. L. KEENAN, President.
MRS. [illegible] M. VICKERY Secretary.

K. O. T. M. Smethport Tent No. 9 meets [illegible] Monday evening at 7:30 in A. O. U. W. [illegible] Backus Block.
W. O. HOLDEN, Com.
[illegible] GILBERT, R. K.

L. O. T. M. Brown Hive No. [illegible] Meets in A. O. U. W. hall Backus Block, Tuesday after[illegible]
MRS. W. S. GIFFORD, Com.
MRS. JUDITH PRATT, R. K.

W. R. A.—Smethport Branch 31 meets [illegible] and fourth Wednesdays of each month [illegible] A. O. U. W. hall, Backus block, at 2:30 p. m.
[illegible] JAMES FRENCH, Prest.
[illegible] SANCLARK, Rec. Sec'y

W. C. T. U.—Meets every alternate Saturday afternoon at 3 p. m., in the M. E. Chapel.
MRS. D. I. FORSYTHE, Prest.
MRS. M. E. RICHMOND, Sec'y.

[illegible] Smethport Branch No. [illegible] meets on [illegible] Wednesday evenings of each [illegible] Dr. CHADWICK Pres.
MRS. W. A. MASON Sec'y.

Churches.

[illegible] Rev. J. W. Wright Pastor. Preaching [illegible] a. m. and [illegible] p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath school immediately after morning services [illegible] on Sunday. Prayer Meeting [illegible] Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock [illegible] meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock [illegible] Meetings on Saturday evenings at [illegible]

REV. G. W. HALLIWELL pastor [illegible] every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. [illegible] services [illegible] Wednesday evening [illegible] People's prayer meeting at [illegible] Covenant meeting [illegible] before [illegible] and the Lord's supper [illegible] of every second month. All [illegible]

[illegible] J. HENRY McCANDLESS, Rector [illegible] every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. [illegible] service at 8 a. m. except the first Sunday [illegible] month. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

[illegible] Emanuel Chapel—East Smethport [illegible] J. HENRY McCANDLESS, Rector [illegible] services every Sunday at 2:30 p. m. [illegible] The Ladies Guild meets [illegible] Friday at 2 p. m.

[illegible] Catholic Church. J. J. GALLIGAN [illegible] Mass at 11 a. m. [illegible] service at [illegible] Sunday School at 3 p. m. [illegible] Services [illegible] alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

[illegible] Services at King's Corners school house [illegible] every Sabbath afternoon at [illegible] Sabbath school immediately after the preaching.

[illegible] P. W. MYNARD Pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30 a. m. [illegible] Sunday school at 11:30 a. m. [illegible] in the afternoon [illegible] Meeting Saturday 1:30 p. m. All [illegible]

[illegible] Church—J. M. Leach pastor. Services every Sunday at 10 a. m. [illegible] Sunday School [illegible] Gospel service Wednesday evening [illegible] are invited.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Offices [illegible] Pompelon [illegible] Bradford Pa.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Rooms [illegible] Berry & Melvin Block, Bradford Pa.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite [illegible] House [illegible] Smethport, Pa. All legal business [illegible] attended to promptly.

M. H. Byles.
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW [illegible] Masonic Temple Building, Bradford Pa.

[illegible] MULLIN T. F. MULLIN
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E. H. Mayo.
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office in Odd Fellows [illegible] over the Post Office Smethport, Pa.

P. R. Cotter.
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[illegible] Main & Third Sts., in Mann & [illegible] Bldg.

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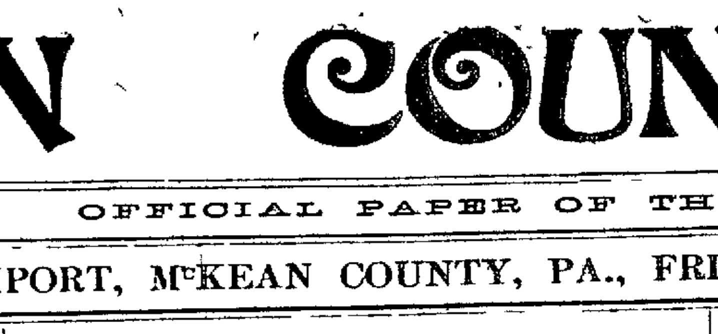
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[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER XXII.

THE BURYING OF MONTEZUMA'S TREASURE.

Cuitlahua was crowned emperor of the Aztecs, in succession of his brother Montezuma, while I lay sick with the wound given me by the sword of De Garcia and also with that which I had received on the altar of sacrifice. This hurt had found no time to heal, and in the fierce fighting on the night of fear it burst open and bled much. Indeed it gave me trouble for years, and to this hour I feel it in the autumn season. Otomie, who nursed me tenderly, and so strange is the heart of woman, even seemed to be consoled in her sorrow at the loss of her father and nearest kin, because I had escaped the slaughter and won fame, told me of the ceremony of the crowning, which was splendid enough. Indeed the Aztecs were almost mad with rejoicing because the Teules were gone at last. They forgot or seemed to forget the loss of thousands of their bravest warriors and of the flower of their rank, and as yet at any rate they did not look forward to the future. From house to house and street to street ran troops of young men and maidens, garlanded with flowers, crying, 'The Teules are gone, rejoice with us! The Teules are fled,' and woe to them who were not merry—aye, even though their houses were desolate with death. Also the statues of the gods were set up again on the great pyramid and their temples rebuilt; the holy crucifix that the Spaniards had placed there being served as the idols Huitzel and Tezcat had been served, and tumbled down the sides of the teocalli, and that after sacrifice of some Spanish prisoners who had been offered in its presence. It was Guatemoc himself who told me of this sacrilege, but not with any exultation, for I had taught him something of our faith, and though he was too good a heathen to change his creed, in secret he believed that the God of the Christians was a true and mighty God. Moreover, though he was obliged to countenance them, like Otomie, Guatemoc never loved the horrid rites of human sacrifice.

Now when I heard this tale my anger overcame my reason, and I spoke fiercely, saying:

'I am sworn to your cause, Guatemoc, my brother, and I am married to your blood, but I tell you that from this hour it is an accursed cause. Because of your blood stained idols and your priests it is accursed. That God whom you have dishonored and those who serve him shall come back in power, and he shall sit where your idols sat, and none shall stir him forever.'

Thus I spoke, and my words were true, though I did not know what put them into my heart, since I spoke at random in my wrath, for today Christ's church stands upon the site of the place of sacrifice in Mexico, a sign and token of his triumph over devils, and there it shall stand while the world endures.

'You speak rashly, my brother,' Guatemoc answered proudly enough, though I saw him quail at the evil omen of my words. 'I say you speak rashly, and were you another than you are, notwithstanding the rank we have given you, the honor which you have won in war and council and that you have passed the stone of sacrifice, who might fare ill. Look again upon the faces of the beings you blaspheme. What worse thing has been done to your Christian God than has been done again and again to our gods by your white kindred? But let me talk no more of this matter, and I pray you, my brother, do not utter such ill omened words to me again, lest it should strike our lives. Do you then believe that the Teules will return?'

'Aye, Guatemoc, so surely as tomorrow's sun shall rise. When you held Cortes in your hand, you let him go, and since then he has won a victory at Otumba. Who, think you, is the man to sheathe the sword that he has once drawn and go down into darkness and dishonor? Before a year is past the Spaniards will be back at the gates of Tenochtitlan.'

'You are no comforter tonight, my brother,' said Guatemoc, 'and yet I fear that your words are true. Well, if we must fight let us strive to win. Now at least there is no Montezuma to take the viper to his breast and nurse it till it stings him.' Then he rose and went hence, and I saw his heart was heavy.

On the morrow of this talk I could leave my bed, and within a week I was almost well. Now it was that Guatemoc came to me again, saying that he had been bidden by Cuitlahua, the emperor, to command me to accompany him, Guatemoc, on a service of trust and secrecy. And indeed the nature of the service showed how great a confidence the leaders of the Aztecs now placed in me, for it was none other than the hiding away of the treasure that had been recaptured from the Spaniards on the night of fear and with it much more from the secret stores of the empire.

At the fall of darkness we started, some of the great lords, Guatemoc and I, and coming to the water's edge we found 10 large canoes, each laden with something that was hidden by cotton cloths. Into the canoes we entered secretly, thinking that none saw us, three to a canoe, for there were 30 of us in all, and led by Guatemoc we paddled for two hours or more across the Lake Tezcuco till we reached the farther shore at a spot where this prince had a fair estate. Here we landed, and the cloths were withdrawn from the cargoes of the canoes, which were great jars and sacks of gold and jewels, besides many other precious objects, among them a likeness of the head of Montezuma, fashioned in solid gold, which was so heavy that it was as much as Guatemoc and I could do to lift between us. As for the jars, of which if my memory serves me there were 17, six men must carry each of them by the help of paddles lashed on either side, and then the task was not light. All this priceless stuff we bore in several journeys to the crest of a rise some hundred paces distant from the water, setting it down by the mouth of a shaft behind the shelter of a mound of earth. When everything was brought up from the boats, Guatemoc touched me and another man, a great Aztec noble born of a Tlascalan mother, on the shoulder, asking us if we were willing to descend with him into the hole and there to dispose of the treasure.

Gladly I answered, for I was curious to see the place, but the noble hesitated awhile, though in the end he came with us, to his ill fortune.

Then Guatemoc took torches in his hand and was lowered into the shaft by a rope. Next came my turn, and down I went, hanging to the cord like a spider to its thread, and the whole was very deep. At length I found myself standing by the side of Guatemoc at the foot of the shaft, round which, as I saw by the light of the torch he carried, an edging of dried bricks was built up to the height of a man above our heads. Resting on this edging and against the wall of the shaft was a massive block of stone sculptured with the picture writing of the Aztecs. I glanced at the writing, which I could now read well, and saw that it recorded the burying of the treasure in the first year of Cuitlahua, emperor of Mexico, and also a most fearful curse on him who should dare to steal it. Beyond us and at right angles to the shaft ran another passage, 10 paces in length and high enough for a man to walk in, which led to a chamber hollowed in the earth, as large as that wherein I write today at Ditchingham. By the mouth of this chamber were placed piles of adobe bricks and mortar, much as the [illegible]

that underground vault at Seville where Isabella de Siguenza was bricked up living.

'Who dug this place?' I asked.

'Those who know not what they dug,' answered Guatemoc. 'But see, here is our companion. Now, my brother, I charge you be surprised at nothing which comes to pass, and be assured I have good reason for anything that I may do.'

Before I could speak again the Aztec noble was at our side. Then those above began to lower the jars and sacks of treasure, and as they reached us one by one Guatemoc loosed the ropes and checked them, while the Aztec and I rolled them down the passage into the chamber, as here in England men roll a cask of ale. For two hours and more we worked till at length all were down and the tale was complete. The last parcel to be lowered was a sack of jewels that burst open as it came and descended upon us in a glittering rain of gems. As it chanced a great necklace of emeralds of surpassing size and beauty fell over my head and hung upon my shoulders.

'Keep it, brother,' laughed Guatemoc, 'in memory of this night,' and nothing loath I hid the bauble in my breast. That necklace I have yet, and a stone of it—the smallest save one—I gave to our gracious Queen Elizabeth. Otomie wore it for many years, and for this reason it shall be buried with me, though its value is priceless, so say those who are skilled in gems. But, priceless or no, it is doomed to lie in the mold of Ditchingham churchyard, and may that same curse which is graved upon the stone that hides the treasure of the Aztecs fall upon him who steals it from my bones!

Now, leaving the chamber, we three entered the tunnel and began the work of building the adobe wall. When it was of a height of between two and three feet Guatemoc paused from his labor and bade me hold a torch aloft. I obeyed, wondering what he wished to see. Then he drew back some three paces into the tunnel and spoke to the Aztec noble, our companion, by name.

'What is the fate of discovered traitors, friend?' he said in a voice that, quiet though it was, sounded very terrible; and as he spoke he loosed from his side the war club set with spikes of glass that hung there by a thong.

Now the Aztec turned gray beneath his dusky skin and trembled in his fear.

'What mean you, lord?' he gasped.

'You know well what I mean,' answered Guatemoc, in the same terrible voice, and lifted the club.

Then the doomed man fell upon his knees crying for mercy, and his wailing sounded so awful in that deep and lonely place that in my horror I went near to letting the torch fall.

'To a friend I can give mercy—to a traitor none,' answered Guatemoc, and whirling the club aloft he rushed upon the noble and killed him with a blow. Then seizing the body in his strong embrace he cast it into the chamber with the treasure, and there it lay still and dreadful among the gems and gold, the arms, as it chanced, being wound about two of the great jars as though the dead man would clasp them to his heart.

Now I looked at Guatemoc who had slain him, wondering if my hour was at hand also, for I knew well that when princes bury their wealth they hold that few should share the secret.

'Fear not, my brother,' said Guatemoc. 'Listen. This man was a thief and a dastard and a traitor. As we know now, he strove twice to betray us to the Teules. More, it was his plan to show this nest of wealth to them should they return again and to share the spoil. All this was learned from a woman whom he thought his love, but who was in truth a spy set to work on him [illegible] Now let him take his fill of gold. Look, he gripes it even in death! [illegible] Ah, Teule, would that the soil of Anahuac bore naught but corn for bread and flint and copper for the points of spears and arrows, then had her sons been free forever. Cursed, I say, cursed is the lust that sets these sea sharks tearing at our throats. Cursed is it, I say! May it never glitter more in the sunshine, may it be lost forever!' And he fell fiercely to the work, flinging up the wall.

Soon it was almost done, but before we set the last bricks, which were shaped in squares like the clay lump that we use for the buildings of farmeries and hinds' houses in Norfolk, I thrust a torch through the opening and looked for the last time at the treasure chamber that was also a dead house. There lay the glittering gems, there stood upon a jar, gleaming, the gold head of Montezuma, of which the emerald eyes seemed to glare at me, and there, his back resting against this same jar and his arms encircling two others to the right and left, was the dead man. But he was no longer dead, or so it seemed to me—at the least his eyes that were shut had opened and they stared at me like the emerald eyes of the golden statue above him, only more fearfully.

Very hastily I withdrew the torch and we finished in silence. When it was done we withdrew to the end of the passage and looked up the shaft, and I for one was glad to see the stars shining in heaven above me. Then we made a double loop in the rope and at a signal were hauled up till we hung over the ledge where the block of marble rested, the tomb stone of Montezuma's treasure and of him who sleeps among it.

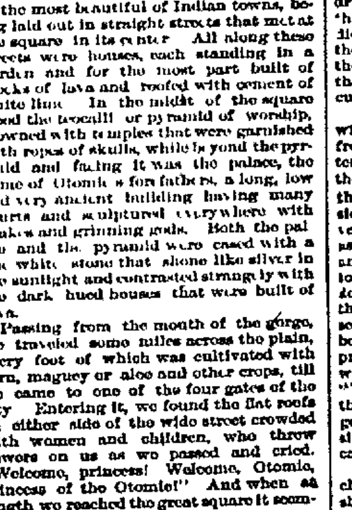
This stone, that was nicely balanced, we pushed with our hands and feet till presently it fell forward with a heavy sound, and catching on the ridge of brick which had been prepared to receive it shut the treasure shaft in such a fashion that those who would enter it again must take powder with them.

Then we were dragged up and came to the surface of the earth in safety.

Now one asked of the Aztec noble who had gone down with us and returned no more.

'He has chosen to stay and watch the treasure like a good and loyal man till such time as his king needs it,' answered Guatemoc grimly, and the listeners nodded, understanding all.

Then they fell to and filled up the narrow shaft with the earth that lay ready, working without cease, and the dawn broke before the task was finished. When at length the hole was full, one of our com-



There the body lay still and dreadful among the gems and gold.

panions took seeds from a bag and scattered them on the naked earth, also he set two young trees that he had brought with him in the soil of the shaft, though why he did this I do not know unless it was to mark the spot. All being done, we [illegible]

[illegible]ered up the ropes and tools, and embarking in the canoes came back to Mexico in the morning, leaving the canoes at a landing place outside the city and finding our way to our homes by ones and twos, as we thought unnoticed of any.

Thus it was that I helped in the burying of Montezuma's treasure, for the sake of which I was destined to suffer torture in days to come. Whether any will help to unbury it I do not know, but till I left the land of Anahuac the secret had been kept, and I think that then, except myself, all those were dead who labored with me at this task. It chanced that I passed the spot as I came down to Mexico for the last time and knew it again by the two trees that were growing tall and strong, and as I went by with Spaniards at my side I swore in my heart that they should never finger the gold by my help. It is for this reason that even now I do not write of the exact bearings of the place where it lies buried with the bones of the traitor, though I know them well enough, seeing that in days to come what I set down here might fall into the hands of one of their nation.

And now before I go on to speak of the siege of Mexico I must tell of one more matter—namely, of how I and Otomie, my wife, went up among the people of the Otomie and won a great number of them back to their allegiance to the Aztec crown. It must be known—if this tale has not made this clear—that the Aztec power was not [illegible] but built up of several [illegible] and that [illegible] among it were many other tribes, some of whom were in alliance with it, or subject to it, and some of them were its deadly enemies. Such, for instance, were the Tlascalans, a small but warlike people living between Mexico and the coast, by whose help Cortes overcame Montezuma and Guatemoc. Beyond the Tlascalans and to the west the great Otomie race lived or lives among its mountains. They are a braver nation than the Aztecs, speaking another language, of a different blood and made up of many clans. Sometimes they were subject to the great Aztec empire, sometimes in alliance and sometimes at open war with it and in close friendship with the Tlascalans. It was to draw the tie closer between the Aztecs and the Otomies, who were to the inhabitants of Anahuac much what the Scottish clans are to the people of England, that Montezuma took to wife the daughter and sole legitimate issue of their great chief or king. This lady died in childbirth and her child was Otomie, my wife, hereditary princess of the Otomie. But though her rank was so great among her mother's people, as yet Otomie had visited them but twice, and then as a child. Still she was well skilled in their language and customs, having been brought up by nurses and tutors of the tribes, from which she drew a great revenue every year and over whom she exercised many rights of royalty that were rendered to her far more freely than they had been to Montezuma, her father.

Now, as has been said, some of these Otomie clans had joined the Tlascalans, and as their allies had taken part in the war on the side of the Spaniards. Therefore it was decided at a solemn council that Otomie and I, her husband, should go on an embassy to the chief town of the nation, that was known as the City of Pines, and strive to win it back to the Aztec standard.

Accordingly, heralds having been sent before us, we started upon our journey, not knowing how we should be received at the end of it. For eight days we traveled in great pomp and with an ever increasing escort, for when the tribes of the Otomie learned that their princess was come to visit them in person, bringing with her her husband, a man of the Teules who had espoused the Aztec cause, they flocked in vast numbers to swell her retinue, so that it came to pass that before we reached the City of Pines we were accompanied by an army of at least 10,000 mountaineers, great men and wild, who made a savage music as we marched. But with them and with their chiefs as yet we held no converse, except by way of formal greeting, though every morning when we started on our journey, Otomie in a litter and I on a horse that had been captured from the Spaniards, they set up shouts of salutation and made the mountains ring. Ever as we went the land, like its people, grew wilder and more beautiful, for now we were passing through forests clad with oak and pine and with many a lovely plant and fern. Sometimes we crossed great and sparkling rivers, and sometimes we wended through gorges and passes of the mountains, but every hour we mounted higher till at length the climate became like that of England, only far more bright. At last on the eighth day, we passed through a gorge riven in the red rock, which was so narrow in places that three horsemen could scarcely have ridden there abreast. This gorge, that is five miles long, is the high road to the City of Pines, to which there was no other access except by secret paths across the mountains, and on either side of it are sheer and towering cliffs that rise to heights of between 1,000 and 2,000 feet.

Here is a place where a hundred men might hold an army at bay, I said to Otomie, little knowing that it would be my task to do so in a day to come.

Presently the gorge took a turn and I paused amazed, for before me was the City of Pines in all its beauty. The city lay in a wheel shaped plain that may measure 12 miles across, and all around this plain are mountains clad to their summits with forests of oak and cedar trees. At the back of the city and in the center of the ring of mountains is one, however, that is not green with foliage, but black with lava, and above the lava white with snow, over which again hangs a pillar of smoke by day and a pillar of fire by night. This was the Volcano Xaca, or the Queen, and though it is not so lofty as its sisters, Orizaba, Popo and Ixtac, to my mind it is the loveliest of them all, both because of its perfect shape and of the colors—purple and blue—of the fires that it sends forth at night or when its heart is troubled. The Otomies worshiped this mountain as a god, offering human sacrifice to it, which was not wonderful, for once the lava pouring from its bowels cut a path through the City of Pines, also they think it holy and haunted, so that none dare set foot upon its loftier snows. Nevertheless I was destined to climb them—I and one other.

Now, in the lap of this ring of mountains and watched over by the mighty Xaca, clad in its robe of snow, its cap of smoke and its crown of fire, lies, or lay, the City of Pines, for now it is a ruin, or so I left it. As to the city itself, it was not so large as some others that I have seen in Anahuac, having only a population of some thirty and five thousand souls, since the Otomie, being a race of mountaineers, did not desire to dwell in cities. But if it was not great it was one of the most beautiful of Indian towns, being laid out in straight streets that met at the square in its center. All along these streets were houses, each standing in a garden and for the most part built of blocks of lava and roofed with cement of white lime. In the midst of the square stood the teocalli or pyramid of worship, crowned with temples that were garnished with ropes of skulls, while beyond the pyramid and facing it was the palace, the home of Otomie's forefathers, a long, low and very ancient building having many courts and sculptured everywhere with snakes and grinning gods. Both the palace and the pyramid were cased with a fine white stone that shone like silver in the sunlight and contrasted strangely with the dark hued houses that were built of lava.

Passing from the mouth of the gorge, we traveled some miles across the plain, every foot of which was cultivated with corn, maguey or aloe and other crops, till we came to one of the four gates of the city. Entering it, we found the flat roofs on either side of the wide street crowded with women and children, who threw flowers on us as we passed and cried. Welcome, princess! Welcome, Otomie, princess of the Otomie!' And when at length we reached the great square it seemed as though all the men in Anahuac were gathered there, and they, too, took up the cry of 'Welcome, Otomie, princess of the Otomie!' till the earth shook with the sound. Me also they saluted as I passed by touching the earth with their right [illegible]

hands and then holding the hand above the head, but I think that the horse I rode caused them more wonder than I did, for the most of them had never seen a horse, and looked on it as a monster or a demon. So we went on through the shouting mass, followed and preceded by thousands of warriors, many of them decked in glittering feather mail and bearing broidered banners, till we had passed the pyramid, where I saw the priests at their cruel work above us, and were come to the palace gates. And here, in a strange chamber sculptured with grinning demons, we found rest for awhile.

On the morrow in the great hall of the palace was held a council of the chiefs and headmen of the Otomie clans to the number of 100 or more. When all were gathered, dressed as an Aztec noble of the first rank, I came out with Otomie, who wore royal robes and looked most beautiful in them, and the council rose to greet us. Otomie bade them be seated and addressed them thus:

'Hear me, you chiefs and captains of my mother's race, who am your princess by right of blood, the last of your ancient rulers, and who am, moreover, the daughter of Montezuma, emperor of Anahuac, now dead to us, but living evermore in the mansions of the sun. First, I present to you this, my husband, the Lord Teule, to whom I was given in marriage when he held the spirit of the god Tezcat, and whom, when he had passed the altar of the god, being chosen by heaven to aid us in our war, I wedded anew after the fashion of the earth and by the will of my royal brethren. Know, chiefs and captains, that this lord, my husband, is not of our Indian blood, nor is he altogether of the blood of the Teules, with whom we are at war, but rather of that of the true children of Quetzal, the dwellers in a far off northern sea, who are foes to the Teules. And as they are foes, so this, my lord, is their foe, and, as doubtless you have heard, of all the deeds of arms that were wrought upon the night of the slaying of the Teules none were greater than his, and it was he who first discovered their retreat.

Chiefs and captains of the great and ancient people of the Otomie, I, your princess, have been sent to you by Cuitlahua, my king and yours, together with my lord, to plead with you on a certain matter. Our king has heard, and I also have heard with shame, that many of the warriors of our blood have joined the Tlascalans, who were ever foes to the Aztecs, in their unholy alliance with the Teules. Now for awhile the white men are beaten back, but they have touched the gold they covet, and they will return again like bees to a half drained flower. They will return, yet of themselves they can do nothing against the glory of Tenoctitlan. But how shall it go if with them come thousands and tens of thousands of the Indian peoples? I know well that now in this time of trouble, when kingdoms crumble, when the air is full of portents and the very gods seem impotent, there are many who would seize the moment and turn it to their profit. There are many men and tribes who remember ancient wars and wrongs, and who cry, "Now is the hour of vengeance. Now we will think on the widows that the Aztec spears have made, on the tribute which they have wrung from our poverty to swell their wealth and on the captives who have decked the altars of their sacrifice."

'Is it not so? Aye, it is so, and I cannot wonder at it. Yet I ask you to remember this—that the yoke you would help to set upon the neck of the queen of cities will fit your neck also. Oh, foolish men, do you think that you shall be spared when by your aid Tenoctitlan is a ruin and the Aztecs are no more a people? I say to you never! The sticks that the Teules use to beat shall be broken one by one and cast into the fire to burn. If the Aztecs fall, then, early or late, every tribe within this wide land shall fall. They shall be slain, their cities shall be stamped flat, their wealth shall be wrung from them, and their children shall eat the bread of slavery and drink the water of affliction. Choose, ye people of the Otomie. Will you stand by the men of your own customs and country, though they have been your foes at times, or will you throw in your lot with the stranger? Choose, ye people of the Otomie, and know this—that on your choice and that of the other men of Anahuac depends the fate of Anahuac. I am your princess, and you should obey me, but today I issue no command. I say choose between the alliance of the Aztec and the yoke of the Teule, and may the God above the gods, the Almighty, the invisible God, direct your choice.'

Otomie ceased, and a murmur of applause went round the hall. Alas, I can do no justice to the fire of her words any more than I can describe the dignity and loveliness of her person as it seemed in that hour. But they went to the hearts of the rude chieftains who listened. Many of them despised the Aztecs as a womanish people of the plains and the lakes, a people of commerce. Many of them had blood feuds against them dating back for generations. But still they knew that their princess spoke truth, and that the triumph of the Teule in Tenoctitlan would mean his triumph over every city throughout the land. So then and there they chose, though in after days in the stress of defeat and trouble many went back upon their choice, as is the fashion of men.

'Otomie,' cried the spokesman after they had taken counsel together, 'we have chosen. Princess, your words have conquered us. We throw in our lot with the Aztecs and will fight to the last for freedom from the Teule.'

'Now I see that you are indeed my people, and I am indeed your ruler,' answered Otomie. 'So the great lords who are gone, my forefathers, your chieftains, would have spoken in a like case. May you never regret this choice, my brethren, men of the Otomie.'

And so it came to pass that when we left the City of Pines we took from it to Cuitlahua, the emperor, a promise of an army of 20,000 men vowed to serve him to the death in his war against the Spaniard.

CHAPTER XXIII.

THE CROWNING OF GUATEMOC.

Our business with the people of the Otomie being ended for awhile, we returned to the city of Tenoctitlan, which we reached safely, having been absent a month and a day. It was but a little time, and yet long enough for fresh sorrows to have fallen on that most unhappy town, for now the Almighty had added to the burdens which were laid upon her. She had tasted of death by the sword of the white man, now death was with her in another shape, for the Spaniard had brought the foul sickness of Europe with him, and smallpox raged throughout the land. Day by day thousands perished of it, for these ignorant people treated the plague by pouring cold water upon the bodies of those smitten, driving the fever inward to the vitals, so that within two days the most of them died. [This treatment is followed among the Indians of Mexico to this day, but if the writer may believe what he heard in that country the patient is frequently cured by it.]

It was pitiful to see them maddened with suffering as they wandered to and fro about the streets, spreading the distemper far and wide. They were dying in the houses, they lay dead by companies in the market places awaiting burial, for the sickness took its toll of every family; the very priests were smitten by it at the altar as they sacrificed children to appease the anger of the gods. But the worst is still to tell. Cuitlahua, the emperor, was struck down by the illness, and when we reached the city he lay dying. Still he desired to see us and sent commands that we should be brought to his bedside. In vain did I pray Otomie not to obey. She, who was without fear, laughed at me, saying: 'What, my husband, shall I shrink from that which you must face? Come, let us go and make report of our mission. If the sickness takes me and I die, it will be because my hour has come.'

So we went and were ushered into a chamber where Cuitlahua lay covered by a sheet as though he were already dead and with incense burning round him in golden censers. When we entered, he was in a stupor, but presently he awoke, and it was announced to him that we waited.

'Welcome, niece,' he said, speaking through the sheet and [illegible]

'You find me in an evil case, for my days are numbered, the pestilence of the Teules slays those whom their swords spared. Soon another monarch must take my throne, as I took your father's, and I do not altogether grieve, for on him will rest the glory and the burden of the last fight of the Aztecs. Your report, niece, let me hear it swiftly. What say the clans of the Otomie, your vassals?'

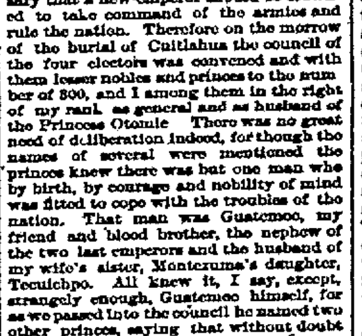
'My lord,' Otomie answered, speaking humbly and with bowed head, 'may this distemper leave you, and may you live to reign over us for many years. My lord, my husband Teule and I have won back the most part of the people of the Otomie to our cause and standard. An army of 20,000 mountain men waits upon your word, and when those are spent there are more to follow.'

'Well done, daughter of Montezuma, and you, white man,' gasped the dying king. 'The gods were wise when they refused you both upon the stone of sacrifice, and I was foolish when I would have slain you, Teule. To you and all I say be of a steadfast heart, and if you must die then die with honor. The fray draws on, but I shall not share it, and who knows its end?'

Now he lay silent for awhile; then of a sudden, as though an inspiration had seized him, he cast the sheet from his face and sat up upon his couch, no pleasant sight to see, for the pestilence had done its worst with him.

'Alas,' he wailed, 'and alas! I see the streets of Tenoctitlan red with blood and fire. I see her dead piled up in heaps, and the horses of the Teules trample them. I see the spirit of my people, and her voice is sighing and her neck is heavy with chains. The children are visited because of the evil of the fathers. Ye are doomed, people of Anahuac, whom I would have nurtured as an eagle nurtures her young. Hell yawns for you, and earth refuses you because of your sins, and the remnant that remains shall be slaves from generation to generation till the vengeance is accomplished.'

Having cried thus with a great voice, Cuitlahua fell back upon the cushions, and



Cuitlahua fell back upon the cushions.

before the frightened leech who tended him could lift his head he had passed beyond the troubles of this earth. But the words which he had spoken remained fixed in the hearts of those who heard them, though they were told to none except to Guatemoc.

Thus, then, in my presence and in that of Otomie died Cuitlahua, emperor of the Aztecs, when he had reigned but 15 weeks. Once more the nation mourned its king, the chief of many a thousand of its children whom the pestilence swept with him to the 'mansions of the sun' or perchance to the 'darkness behind the stars.'

But the mourning was not for long, for in the urgency of the times it was necessary that a new emperor should be crowned to take command of the armies and rule the nation. Therefore on the morrow of the burial of Cuitlahua the council of the four electors was convened and with them lesser nobles and princes to the number of 300, and I among them in the right of my rank as general and as husband of the Princess Otomie. There was no great need of deliberation indeed, for though the names of several were mentioned the princes knew there was but one man who by birth, by courage and nobility of mind was fitted to cope with the troubles of the nation. That man was Guatemoc, my friend and blood brother, the nephew of the two last emperors and the husband of my wife's sister, Montezuma's daughter, Tecuichpo. All knew it, I say, except, strangely enough, Guatemoc himself, for as we passed into the council he named two other princes, saying that without doubt the choice lay between them.

It was a splendid and solemn sight, that gathering of the four great lords, the electors, dressed in their magnificent robes, and of the lesser council of confirmation of 300 lords and princes, who sat without the circle, but in hearing of all that passed. Very solemn also was the prayer of the high priest who, clad in his robes of sable, seemed like a blot of ink dropped on a glitter of gold.

When the high priest had made an end of his prayer, the first of the four great electors rose, saying:

'Guatemoc, in the name of God and with the voice of the people of Anahuac, we summon you to the throne of Anahuac. Long may you live, and justly may you rule, and may the glory be yours of beating back into the sea those foes who would destroy us. Hail to you, Guatemoc, emperor of the Aztecs and of their vassal tribes.' And all the 300 of the council of confirmation repeated in a voice of thunder, 'Hail to you, Guatemoc, emperor!'

Now the prince himself stood forward and spoke:

'You lords of election and you, princes, generals, nobles and captains of the council of confirmation, hear me. None can say what the gods have in store for us. It may be victory, or it may be destruction, but be it triumph or death, let us swear a great oath together, my people and my brethren. Let us swear to fight the Teules and the traitors who abet them, for our cities, our hearths and our altars, till the cities are a smoking ruin, till the hearths are cumbered with their dead and the altars run red with the blood of their worshipers. So, if we are destined to conquer, our triumph shall be made sure, and if we are doomed to fail, at least there will be a story to be told of us. Do you swear, my people and my brethren?'

'We swear,' they answered, with a shout.

'It is well,' said Guatemoc. 'And now may everlasting shame overtake him who breaks this oath.'

Thus, then, was Guatemoc, the last and greatest of the Aztec emperors, elected to the throne of his forefathers.

When all was done, I hurried to the palace to tell Otomie what had come to pass and found her in our sleeping chamber lying on her bed.

'What ails you, Otomie?' I asked.

'Alas, my husband,' she answered, 'the pestilence has stricken me! Come not near me, I pray you, come not near. Let me be nursed by the women. You shall not risk your life for me, beloved.'

'Peace,' I said and came to her. It was too true. I, who am a physician, knew the symptoms well. Indeed had it not been for my skill Otomie would have died. For three long weeks I fought with death at her bedside, and in the end I conquered. The fever left her, and, thanks to my treatment, there was no single scar upon her lovely face. During eight days her mind wandered without ceasing, and it was then I learned how deep and perfect was her love for me. For all this, while she did nothing but rave of me, the secret terror of her heart was disclosed—that I should cease to care for her; that her beauty and love might pall upon me so that I should leave her; that 'the flower maid,' for so she named Lily, who dwelt across the sea should draw me back to her by magic—this was the burden of her madness. At length her senses returned, and she spoke, saying:

'How long have I lain ill, husband?'

I told her, and she said, 'And have you nursed me all this while and through so foul a sickness?'

'Yes, Otomie, I have tended you.'

'What have I done that you should be so good to me?' she murmured. Then some dreadful thought seemed to strike her, for she moaned as though in pain and said: 'A mirror! Swift, bring me a mirror!'

I gave her one, and rising on her arm eagerly she scanned her face in the [illegible]

plate of burnished gold [illegible] with a faint and happy cry:

'I feared,' she said, 'I feared that I had become hideous, as those are whom the pestilence has smitten, and that you would cease to love me, than which it had been better to die.'

'For shame,' I said. 'Do you, then, think that love can be frightened away by some few scars?'

'Yes,' Otomie answered; 'that is, the love of a man—not such love as mine, husband. Had I been thus—oh, I shudder to think of it—within a year you would have hated me. Perhaps it had not been so with another, the fair maid of far away, but me you would have hated. Nay, I know it, though I know this also—that I should not have lived to feel your hate. Oh, I am thankful, thankful!'

So Otomie recovered from her great sickness, and shortly afterward the pestilence passed away from Tenoctitlan. And now I had many other things to think of, for the choosing of Guatemoc, my friend and blood brother, as emperor meant much advancement to me, who was made a general of the highest class and a principal adviser in his councils. Nor did I spare myself in his service, but labored by day and night in the work of preparing the city for siege, and in the marshaling of the troops, and more especially of that army of Otomies, who came, as they had promised, to the number of 20,000. The work was hard indeed, for these Indian tribes lacked discipline and powers of unity, without which their thousands were of little avail in a war with white men; also there were great jealousies between their leaders which must be overcome, and I was myself an object of jealousy. Moreover, many tribes took this occasion of the trouble of the Aztecs to throw off their allegiance or vassalage, and, even if they did not join the Spaniards, to remain neutral, watching for the event of the war. Still we labored on, dividing the armies into regiments after the fashion of Europe, and stationing each in its own quarter, drilling them to the better use of arms, provisioning the city for a siege and weeding out as many useless mouths as we might, and there was but one man in Tenoctitlan who toiled at those tasks more heavily than I, and that was Guatemoc, the emperor, who did not rest day or night. I tried even to make powder with sulphur, which was brought from the throat of the volcan Popo, but having no knowledge of that art I failed. Indeed it would have availed us little had I succeeded, for having neither arquebuses nor cannon and no skill to cast them we could only have used it in mining roads and gateways, and perhaps in grenades to be thrown with the hand.

And so the months went on till at length spies came in with the tidings that the Spaniards were advancing in strength, and with them countless hosts of allies.

Now I would have sent Otomie to seek safety among her own people, but she laughed me to scorn and said:

'Where you are there I will be, husband. What! Shall it be suffered that you face death, perhaps to find him, when I am not at your side to die with you? If that is the fashion of white women, I leave it to them, beloved, and here, with you, I stay.'

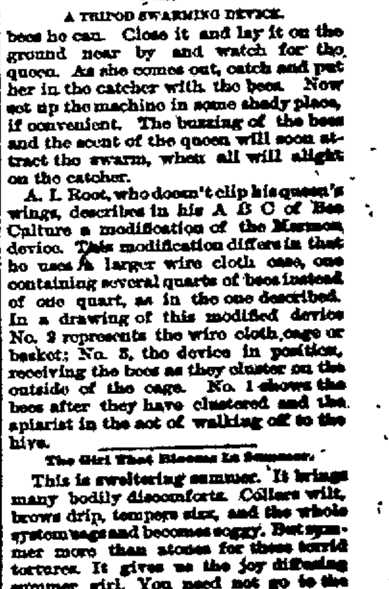
[TO BE CONTINUED.]

SWARMING APPARATUS.

Description of One of These Valuable Devices, With Instructions For Using It.

Almost every apiarist has his own peculiar notion as to how a swarm-catching device should be constructed. Some of these implements are very ingenious and valuable assistants during the swarming season. Their particular use is to remove a swarm after it has clustered and place it in the hive where it is desired that the new swarm shall take up its abode. A tripod apparatus known as Manum's device is a popular and practical one. It is simply a wire cloth cage fastened to a pole, with two legs so attached to the pole that they can be set out or in, something like a tripod. The lower end of the pole may be sharpened to stick in the ground, in order to steady the catcher and to prevent it from being tipped forward by the weight of the bees. The cage is 10 by 10 inches square by 1¾ thick and is covered on each side with wire cloth. It is made in two parts and hinged together so as to open and close. When closed, it is held together by small hook. One of the parts of the head is fastened to the pole, forming a catcher. The head is made of seven-eighths by three-eighths stuff, hence is very light.

Mr. Marmon, who clips his queen's wings, proceeds to catch a swarm just coming out by opening the catcher and holding it to the entrance to catch what



A TRIPOD SWARMING DEVICE.

bees he can. Close it and lay it on the ground near by and watch for the queen. As she comes out, catch and put her in the catcher with the bees. Now set up the machine in some shady place, if convenient. The buzzing of the bees and the scent of the queen will soon attract the swarm, when all will alight on the catcher.

A. I. Root, who doesn't clip his queen's wings, describes in his A B C of Bee Culture a modification of the Marmon device. This modification differs in that he uses a larger wire cloth case, one containing several quarts of bees instead of one quart, as in the one described. In a drawing of this modified device No. 2 represents the wire cloth cage or basket; No. 3, the device in position, receiving the bees as they cluster on the outside of the cage. No. 1 shows the bees after they have clustered and the apiarist in the act of walking off to the hive.

The Girl That Blooms In Summer.

This is sweltering summer. It brings many bodily discomforts. Collars wilt, brows drip, tempers sizz, and the whole system sags and becomes soggy. But summer more than atones for these torrid tortures. It gives us the joy diffusing summer girl. You need not go to the seashore or the mountains to feast your eyes on this living picture of loveliness. You can see her in the early morning and toward the close of the afternoon on the city streets. She's as gorgeous as a French water color. Her clothes are made up of the happiest of hues. She is a charming sublimation of the rainbow. And no matter what she wears, whether it be as red as a lumber yard on fire in the nighttime or as white as a flake of snow, she always appears to be as cool as a cucumber and as comfortable as an icicle on an arctic whaling boat's yardarm. She defies the heat, and her serenity sometimes lowers the temperature for us. May her cheerful charms of person and "togs" never wane!—New York World.

Two Points of View.

Wife—How people gaze at my new dress! I presume they wonder if I've been shopping in Paris.

Husband—More likely they wonder [illegible]

McKean County Miner.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

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Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

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Smethport, Pa., Sept. 7, 1894.

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FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
HON. WALTER LYON,
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HON. GEORGE F. HUFF,
of Westmoreland county.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,
HON. CHARLES W. STONE,
of Warren county.

FOR MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY,
HERMAN H. NORTH,
of Bradford.
GEORGE GRIFFITHS,
of Kane.

FOR CORONER,
E. R. SHERMAN,
of Bradford.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,
WALTER OSTRANDER,
of Liberty Township.

HON. H. H. NORTH for speaker of the House.

VERMONT has spoken again with a Republican majority of about 26,000. The sturdy sons of the Green mountains are always to the front.

CONGRESSMAN SIBLEY has written a letter refusing to be a candidate for Congress. But the chances are that he has a string attached to it and will pull the letter back again, the same as he did last winter.

WE sincerely hope that General Hastings can be prevailed upon to come here on the 19th of the month on his way from Bradford to Coudersport. It is the most direct route and we should be pleased to give him a rousing reception.

AS THE McKean *Democrat* has suggested Hon. T. D. Nash as a candidate for Representative on the Democratic ticket, we would respectfully mention the name of Prof. Cooper as a running mate for Chairman Nash. They would make a good team, and then we would have some one in opposition. It is rather dull during the campaign to have no enemy in sight to take a shot at occasionally.

GENERAL NATHANIEL P. BANKS died at his home, in Waltham, Mass., at 8 o'clock Saturday morning, aged 78 years. At the age of 33 he was elected to the legislature of Massachusetts and served his State in that body for four terms, and was Speaker of the House in 1851-2. He began as a Democrat, then a know-nothing, but later events turned his views and he became a staunch Republican. He was elected to the 33rd Congress. In the 34th Congress he was elected Speaker on the 133rd ballot, and then by a minority vote, which was mutually agreed to by both sides of the House. He was re-elected to the 35th Congress, but resigned his seat to become Governor of his State. He was elected three times Governor. When the war broke out he was appointed a major general and served with distinction to the end of the war.

LAST week at Bradford Chairman Clark called the attention of the County Committee to the importance of organizing Republican clubs in every voting district in the county. We earnestly hope that every committee man will see to it that good active Republicans are put in charge of such duties. A great many Democrats are dissatisfied with the actions of Congress, and very little work would land them in the Republican camp, especially young men who never voted before. The Democratic party is on the defensive, and when a party has to assume that position, their ground is not very tenable. Let us make a strong and aggressive campaign. Chairman Clark asks for 2,000 Republican majority in McKean County this Fall. Under existing circumstances she ought to give 3,000 majority. It can be done so to work, Republicans!

THE Republican campaign opened in this State on Sept. 5th with the meeting of the Republican League of the State at Harrisburg. From now on until Nov. 6th an aggressive warfare will be carried on against the tariff tinkers who have cast such a pall of depression all over the land. Harrison, McKinley, Reed and Sherman will visit the most important points in the State during the campaign, and show up in their able manner the iniquities practiced in Congress during the last session. They will show how the sugar trust fastened its fangs upon the Democratic party and how willingly the Democratic members of the ways and means committee became the tools of the combine and robbed the country of over forty millions of dollars, taken from the poor of the land to enrich the sugar barons. Democratic congressmen will find up hill work to successfully refute the history they have made in the last year. When their constituents take the Chicago platform and the present Gorman bill and place before them, they will find it a difficult task to satisfy their followers that they have lived up to the pledges of 1892.

INSURANCE of all kinds written by W. F. Sprole.

OUR STANDARD BEARERS.



FOR GOVERNOR,
GEN. D. H. HASTINGS.



FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,
HON. WALTER LYON.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—The net results of the year of Democratic legislation are beginning to be summed up, and they form a sorry picture. Financial distress all over the country; losses amounting not only to millions and hundred of millions, but billions; appropriations as large as those of the billion dollar Congress which the Democrats railed, excepting the matter of pensions, a bankrupt Treasury, not only bankrupt, but more deeply in debt than before the Democracy came in, a tariff law which will continue to render business uncertain, and which, by some, is believed likely to create another Treasury deficit.

Curiously, the Democratic party is not content with what it has done. Whom the gods would destroy they first make mad; and it seems that this is the process that the gods have taken for destroying the Democratic party. Not content with having kept the country in a state of turmoil for two years with threatened tariff reduction, they signalize the passage of their tariff bill, over which they have labored so long, with the announcement that they are going to pass more of the same kind as fast as they can get to them. The effect of this must be to keep the country in a state of uncertainty and unrest. No manufacturer can know what to do; no importer can know what to do. Instead of every man being able to start up his factory on some sort of definite figures, he finds himself embarrassed with the uncertainty as to what is to be done in his particular line in the early future. If he is protected 35 per cent now he does not know but half of this may be cut off in the next Congress, or even in the next session of this Congress. If his interests are to be affected by free coal or free iron he is uncertain as to what is going to be done with regard to the free coal and iron bills introduced and held up by way of threat and humbug cries of further tariff reform by the Democrats.

One feature which disturbs the Democratic politicians is the failure to observe any revival of business or renewed business activity of any considerable extent now that their bill has passed. They supposed that the moment that the bill became a law, so that manufacturers would know what they could depend upon, there would be a general resumption of activity. But they are finding their mistake. This is shown not only by the failure to hear reports of renewal of work in the manufacturing centers, but is shown further by the fact that upon the exchanges and business centers in great cities the effect of the final enactment of the tariff law fell flat; and instead of the expected advance and activity, there was dullness and depression.

Do the Democrats really mean it? This is the question which a good many people are asking. Some people believe that the cry of more tariff reform is merely a Democratic bluff, so to speak, to let themselves down easy on this subject just prior to the adjournment of Congress. Whether or not the Democrats really did mean what they said will only be told by their future actions, but all whose interests are affected by the fluctuation of the tariff will be in doubt, and, consequently, will not allow their business to assume those proportions which they would were all possibility of further tariff reduction removed. The following are a few of the threatening expressions.

President Cleveland in his letter to Congressman Catchings, speaking of the bill, said, "It furnishes advantage ground from which must be waged further aggressive operations against protected monopoly and Government favoritism."

Chairman Wilson said, "If the Democratic party deserves to live in this country it can not lay down its weapons until it has made this a country where class taxation shall be unknown."

Congressman Bland, of Missouri, said, "It is an entering wedge, a beginning that will no doubt become a permanent and fixed policy of our party and be maintained and more largely imposed in the future legislation, when we shall still further reduce tariff taxes and increase the income tax."

Congressman Hunter, of Illinois, "we can safely promise to the people that many of the defects now in the Senate bill (from the Democratic standpoint all its protective features are defects) will be corrected by special bills in the future. It is not the intention of the Democratic party to take any steps backward."

Congressman Richards, of Ohio, "we must conquer McKinleyism. We have got them down. Let us put coal, iron ore, barbed wire, on the free list, and add sugar to the untaxed necessaries of life."

Congressman Coombs, of Brooklyn, N. Y. "This, however, is not the end of the tariff legislation. I am convinced that onward tariff reform is more sure, more certain."

Congressman Sommers, of Wisconsin. "Because we cannot accomplish all that we desire is no reason why we should not accomplish all that we can. The measure before us is a step in the right direction, and the fight will be continued until true Democratic doctrines stand as the law of the land."

Congressman Springer, of Illinois, "We are not going to stop here. Other measures will be brought forward, perhaps not this session, but in the next. I say to gentlemen on the other side of the House, that we are engaged in this cause in earnest, and are going to remain in it until the people in this country have all that they desire on this subject, and all that they are entitled to have."

A remedy, however, is in the hands of the voters of this country. If they elect a Republican majority in the House of Representatives in the coming November election the business interests can rest after the 4th of March next, in the consciousness that no further disturbances will be permitted.

Assignee Sale.

The goods in the store of Frank E. Foster will be sold at assignees sale at greatly reduced prices, consisting of drugs, patent medicines, fancy articles, books, stationery, etc. Come at once and receive the benefit of first choice of goods.

J. W. BOUTON, Assignee.

Collison's New York counts just received by D. F. Wilcox. These oysters are positively the finest that ever came to this town. He is sole agent for them. Call and see them.

ENCAMPMENT FEATURES.

After a year's tireless work arrangements are now complete for the meeting of the Twenty-eight National Encampment of the G. A. R. at Pittsburg, Pa., September 10 to 15. Monday, the 10th, the Naval Veterans' Association will have a parade, with the Sons of Veterans' Guard as escort, 5,000 men being in line. In the evening the Naval Veterans will have a "dog watch" at Old City Hall. Tuesday, 11th, at 10:30 A. M., the G. A. R. will have its grand parade with 40,000 veterans and 200 bands and drum corps in line. In the evening there will be seven grand camp fires presided over by soldiers of National fame and addressed by some of the foremost men in the country. Wednesday, 12th, the National Association of Union Ex Prisoners of War will parade, escorted by two regiments and a battery of the National Guard of Pennsylvania. The same organization will have a camp fire that evening, and there will also be at East Pittsburg a grand "outing," for which 5,000 invitations have been issued, and which will be the biggest event of the kind ever known in Western Pennsylvania. Thursday evening, 13th, there will be a magnificent display of fireworks on the Monongahela river, and the women's organizations will have a grand reception. Friday, the 14th the delegates and their ladies will be treated to a river excursion, for which a fleet of three steamers, with a capacity of 6,000 persons, has been engaged.

Meanwhile, there will be the National Conventions of the Grand Army of the Republic, Woman's Relief Corps, Ladies of the G. A. R., Daughters of Veterans, Naval Veterans' Association, National Association of Union Ex Prisoners of War, National Association of War Musicians, Signal Corps Association, Chaplains' Association, etc., and reunions of army associations to the number of 100, and a variety of minor meetings and attractions. For the proper conduct of the whole affair a fund of over $100,000 has been provided, $75,000 of which amount is raised by popular subscription.

RESULT OF THE TARIFF.

That our local industries will suffer more or less through the passage of the tariff bill is proven by the fact that in McKean county alone there are fifteen Chemical Works whose principal output is wood alcohol. This article has been put on the free list, and these factories which were erected at a cost of $450,000 and employ in the neighborhood of 500 men, all getting good wages, will be compelled to shut down on account of foreign competition. Many have already closed their doors while others are working short handed and getting ready to go out of business. In Hamlin township alone fully $150,000 a year has been paid to the laboring classes, and the cessation of this pay roll will naturally affect all kinds of business.—*Kane Republican.*

LITERARY NOTES.

We have received the eighth issue of the Newspaper Manual of Remington Brothers, advertising agents, of Pittsburg, Pa., and New York City. The contents include complete lists of all newspapers in the United States and Canada, with their days of issue, politics and circulations, catalogued by towns in alphabetical order, and the population is given of each town and of the county in which it is located. Sent by express prepaid, on receipt of $1.00.

IT is somewhat curious fact that, until the appearance of "The Golden House" in Harper's Magazine, the life of New York City, in its extremes of wealth and poverty, had never been made the subject of serious study and realistic handling by a novelist. Perhaps no other field has been more thoroughly cultivated by the writers of short stories and sketches; satires and sentimental or sensational inventions there have been in abundance; but before this no successful effort to realize, in the new manner of conscientious literary workmen, the civic life as a whole—the whole care and carelessness of it—the whole light and shade of it—the shallow selfishness on the one hand, and on the other hand the fine and deep and tender helpfulness of it. Mr. Warner's novel may, therefore, with justice be called, as already the readers of serial stories have begun to call it, the American novel of the year.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com.—Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at F R Foster's and A B Armstrong & Co.'s drug store. Regular size 50c and $1 00.

Sailed the Seas 35 Years.

Capt. A. P. Loud is a prominent resident of Hampden, Me. For 35 years he sailed the seas and upon retiring from that calling, was appointed by the U. S. government to superintend its interests in the Alaska seal fisheries, a position he held five years. In speaking of his experience, he says: "For several years I was greatly troubled with nervousness and a pain in the region of my heart. It was almost impossible for me to get rest and sleep. Physicians from New York to San Francisco did me no good, but Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Heart Cure speedily and completely cured me. I owe my present and excellent health to them.

Sheep for Sale.

One registered Shrop. Ram and four half-blood lambs. Call on or address
30-2t E. W. WILCOX, Newerf, Pa.

I hereby offer my farm of 100 acres in Corydon township for sale, or exchange for city property in Bradford.
H. F. BUNDY.

For a mild cathartic and efficient tonic use Baxter's Mandrake Bitters. Every bottle warranted.

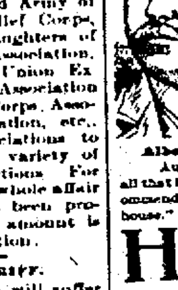
WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Inquire at residence, West King street. MRS. JOHN N. APPLE.

POTATO CULTURE.

In riding over different sections of the county, we have noticed a great many fields of potatoes that were almost a failure on account of drought. We would offer as a suggestion to the farmers a partial if not a total remedy. Next spring when the time comes for planting the potatoes select a piece of sod ground or meadow get your seed ready, set your plough so that it will run to the depth of say six inches then turn a furrow, drop your seed in and cover up with another furrow. Then turn two more furrows and drop another row of seed and so on until your field is planted. The reason for this kind of planting is that it will save your potatoes to a great extent during the long dry summer whereas if stubble ground is planted your seed does not get down into the soil far enough and soon dries out where you plant in drills and when the potatoes are hilled up the tubers do not get sufficient moisture to last during the dry weather, but if plowed in with sod ground the potatoes get to a sufficient depth and the soil will retain the moisture during the dryest weather in summer and you will be repaid for your labor by a good yield of potatoes. After the seeds are planted do not put the harrow on the ground until the potatoes begin to show on the top of the ground then take a harrow with the teeth sloping back a very little and give the ground a thorough hetcheling and you will be very agreeably surprised to see how rapidly your potatoes will grow and when the dry weather comes on you will not be discouraged by seeing your potatoe tops dying a premature death from lack of moisture. To bear out this theory we call your attention to potatoes that were left in the ground over winter and plowed under in the spring, how rapidly such seed sprout and come up and how much more rapid is the growth of such potatoes. Farmers, if you are not satisfied with this theory, try it on a small scale and satisfy yourselves. It will be worth your time to make the attempt. Our word for it, success will crown your efforts.

All That's Claimed

"I had a poor appetite, that tired feeling and was run down, but Hood's Sarsaparilla has done me a great deal of good. I have a better appetite and do not feel tired. I can recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as an excellent spring or fall medicine to keep the blood in order. Myself and three daughters have taken over six bottles, and it has done us much good. We do not now have to call upon a doctor, as formerly, in the spring time, and I can say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is all that is claimed for it. I most heartily recommend it, and shall always keep it in my house." ALBERT KINSEY, Auburn, Pa.



Albert Kinsey
Auburn, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Be sure to get HOOD'S

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney and liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At F R Foster's and A B Armstrong & Co's drug store.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Druggist, Smethport, Pa.

The Cross gardens and green houses in Bradford are for rent. These gardens are in excellent shape for raising vegetables for city market. The green houses are as near perfection as can be.
n10-4f H. F. BUNDY.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport, Pa.

Thousands walk the earth to-day who would be sleeping in its bosom but for the timely use of Downs' Elixir.

It not only relieves; it does more, it cures. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. Suitable for all ages all conditions, at all times. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Arnica & Oil Liniment is equally good for man and beast, 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

Gent's furnishing goods at F. O. Lindholm & Co.'s.

Livery stable keepers should always keep Arnica & Oil Liniment in the stable—nothing like it for horses

W. C. ROCKWELL,
"THE FLORIST,"
BRADFORD, PA.
Cut Flowers for Weddings, Parties and Funeral's
TELEPHONE 190

MOORE'S

No. 12 W. Mohawk St. Two doors from Main St., Four doors from Star Theatre,
BUFFALO, N. Y.,
Have opened a branch of their
RESTAURANT, ICE CREAM PARLOR AND BAKERY
AT LILY DALE,
Where they would be pleased to see all of their friends.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO CATERING FOR WEDDING PARTIES.

Executrix Notice.

The subscriber having been appointed Executrix under the last will and testament of Herman A. Young, deceased, late of McKean county, Pennsylvania, hereby gives notice that all persons having claims against said estate will present them for settlement without delay, and all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent will settle the same with.

OCELIA N. YOUNG, Executrix.

Farmers Valley, Pa.—38-6t.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 160, December Term, 1893.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONWEALTH of Pennsylvania, to the sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Annie Berg by her next friend, A. W. Peterson, did, on the 5th day of November, 1893, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth that she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Charles Berg.

We therefore command you, the said Charles Berg, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the first Monday of October next, to answer the petition or libel of said Annie Berg and to show cause, if any you have, why the said Annie Berg, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such case made and provided. Herein fail not.

A. B. WALKER, Sheriff.

A true copy. W. M. Orr, Libellant's Attorney. Smethport, Pa., Sept. 1, 1894.



Chronic Nervousness

Could Not Sleep, Nervous Headaches.

Gentlemen:—I have been taking your Restorative Nervine for the past three months and I cannot say enough in its praise. It has

Saved My Life,

for I had almost given up hope of ever being well again. I was a chronic sufferer from nervousness and could not sleep. I was also troubled with nervous headache, and had tried doctors in vain, until I used your Nervine. MRS. H. WOOD, Ringwood, Ill.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Cures.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

It's all the same, a slight cold, congested lungs or severe cough. One minute cough cure banishes them. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

The Racket Store.

U ask why does the 100 per center charge such prices. They buy their goods on time, pa larg store rent, trust Tom, Dick & Harry of which one of the three beat the merchant out of his pay, or cuss him for not waiting 2 or 3 years longer. Now which is the best business way, 2 sell goods down low for cash—make U & me happy, save time & labor over the Ofis Bible—or sell U goods on tick for double price. There iz no merchant that can & does sell U this flour at these prices: Our 90c flour is giving great satisfaction. They all say it iz as good az tha hav been paying $1.35, for we buy in larg quantities for cash & sell for cash only. If U can't pay cash we do not want your trade. We will sell U Law's Bluing at 8c; others ask 15c. They pay same as I for this. The best water white oil 3 gal or more at 7c gal. The best crackers made 4 lbs 25c.

Scoullers's straight flour 90c, Daisy & Pansy 95c, Scoullers Patent $1.10, Crystal 55c. We R looking for car load salt. We hav cook stoves from $12 to $15 & all of our customers says our files R the best they hav ever used at 1c inch. We carry the best line of tin pails 2 B found in the town & the lowest price. In Hardware we simply have the lowest price. On Horse goods U can save nearly 1-2. We R headquarters on all kinds of lamps; we buy of the manf; U should C these beautiful shade lamps. We will save U money on underwear for winter; U never heard of such prices.

U can now C what there good old Democratic times R doing for U. Now iz the time 2 buy your dishes at our store. We hav just stockd up. We have a case of school slates coming. 2 spring steel trap 32c. Men's pantaloons & overalls, cowboy hats that is sold by any manufacturer at 30 to 60 dollars doz. we R selling at $1 95. These R samples that R slightly soiled in buggy whips U never, never heard of such prices. Ladies' hand turned shoes $2 35 & $2 40. These R the same shoe U pay $3 & $3 50 for our ladies.

Our art gallery of Pastels, Water Colors & Oil Paintings are less than 1 2 what U would have 2 pay elsewhere. On the goods we handle we will save U from 5 to 25 cents on each dollar U leave with us.

We have proven 2 U that we could do business & make money on 25 per cent & do a good cash business.

Our motto: Underbuy, Undersell.

RACKET STORE,
East Smethport, - Pa.

J·N·ADAM & Co



YOUR NEXT NEW DRESS—
WHAT WILL IT BE?

Here are some of the New Fall and Winter Dress Goods.

Reversible Coverts. Very pretty effects in revers and colors, and in corded edgings will be obtained from the new two-sided Covert Cloths, of which one side shows a different color from the other—and always a combination between the two that harmonizes perfectly. They come in richsilky surfaces, finished on both sides, 47 inches wide, and sell at our counter for $1.75 per yard.

New Twill Coverts These are fine diagonal twills and neat mixtures, admirably suited for handsome tailor-made costumes, just the thing for travelling or street wear. The colors are subdued and unobtrusive, but not too severely plain. They measure full 46 inches, and sell at $1.50 per yard.

Two-Tone Cheviots. These loosely woven fabrics with their brilliant, scintillating rough surface strike the key note of fashion in fabrics this fall. Tailor-Made, with large buttons and narrow braid, they can be worn anywhere in all sorts of weather without injury from the elements. $1.50 and $1.75 per yard.

Satin Berbers. These will be the leading favorites among the self-colors. They come in a great variety of effects, silk-finished, with a half-inch self-stripe, at a $1 50 per yard. The best shades are seal brown, Yodo brown, golden brown, navy, mode, olive and hunter's green.

Jacquards. Wool and Worsted Mixtures in Jacquard weaves we are showing in great variety. Likewise silk and wool mixtures. The silk appears in dots, stripes, thread lines, boucle and also in the twist. The prices range from 75c. to $1.00 per yard.

Novelty Dress Patterns. The variety in single dress patterns is greater than ever this season. We are showing among other desirable goods at $1.25, $1.50, and $1.75 per yard some English Suitings which are almost exact counterparts in stripes and colors of the cassimeres made so familiar by long use in men's trousers; some very rich Persian Suitings, few striking Scotch Novelties, and a Germ Fancy Fabric of soft wool in large strands worked up in small plaids.

SAMPLES, if you want them. Just state what you want.

J. N. Adam & Co.,
296-300 Main Street,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

B.H.&Co

Buffalo, Wednesday, Sept. 5, 1894

FALL STYLES IN

New Dress Goods

—New Henriettas
—New Cheviots
—New Scotch Cheviots
—New Bourette Suitings
—New Silk and Wool Mixtures
—New Black Goods
—New Broadcloths
—New Fancy Weaves

The new Dress Goods swung into line with as much beauty and honesty in their looks as ever graced a metropolitan store. In Dress stuffs we have quantity great enough for every woman of every taste to buy from—the fashion from all over the world, the choicest weaves and finest colors—from splendid luxury to modest economy. Dress Goods are the backbone of this businesss. We always give greatest prominence to

—Dress Goods
—Dress Patterns
—Dress Trimmings
—Dress Linings

Come and see the long stretch of counters, behind which are the great shelves and towering piles of goods. Come and see the wealth of styles from which a selection adds to your thrift. You'll find here richness, cheapness, variety and beauty—the greatest aggregation of Dress Materials within your reach.

Those who can't visit the store in person can

SHOP BY MAIL.

We gladly send samples of Dress Goods and all orders are filled the same day as received. Our name is a warrant of good faith the country over. You can depend upon perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

Barnes, Hengerer & Co.

RACKET STORE

Our own plant for the manufacture of Men's Pants, Shirts, Blouses, Overalls, Boy's Knee Pants, etc, etc, is located at Corry, Pa. It is equipped with the best modern machinery and stocked with goods bought in the open markets for lowest spot cash. It is run by the best quality of brains that money can command. The operators are enlisted from Corry's native talent and already all are expert machine feeders. The completed garments are the weapons of victory with which we train day and night, seeking diligently that knowledge which constitutes the power to overthrow, defeat and utterly rout all oposition, this way we quote prices lower than competion pays, "30 days, regular,"

RACKET STORE,
OLEAN, N. Y.
Opens, 8 a. m. Closes 9 p. m.

Notice.

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS OF ADMINISTRATORS and Executors, having been settled in the office of the Register, the same will be presented at the Orphans' Court to be held at Smethport, in and for the County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, on the first Monday of October, A. D. 1894.

First and final account of John T. Kent and Frederick Cleaveland, Executors of the last will and testament of Samuel Oliver, deceased.

First and final account of Elizabeth Hart, Executrix of the last will and testament of William Hart, deceased.

First and final account of J. O. Curtis, Administrator of the estate of Otto Anderson, deceased.

First and final account of N. C. Gallup, Administrator of the estate of Martin Anderson, deceased.

First and final account of T. J. Powers, Administrator of the estate of L. F. Freeman, deceased.

First and final account of E. Colquist, Administrator of the estate of John Colquist, deceased.

GEO. W. MITCHELL, Register.
H. M. CHOATE, Deputy.
Smethport Pa., Sept 3 1894.

Notice.

McKEAN, ss. THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA TO THE SHERIFF OF SAID COUNTY,

GREETING: We command you, that you attach W. H. Page and John F. McCormick late partners doing business as Page and McCormick late of your County, by all and singular their goods and chattels, rights, monies, and credits, lands and tenements, in whose hands or possession soever the same may be, so that they be and appear before our Court of Common Pleas, to be held at Smethport, in and for said County on the first Monday of October next there to answer Budine and Walker now for use of George A. Budine, of a plea in Assumpsit, and also that you summon W. H. Page and John F. McCormick late partners doing business as Page and McCormick and the National Transit Company, and summon all persons in whose hands or possession the said goods and chattels, or any of them, may be attached, so that they and every of them be and appear before our said Court on the said first Monday of October next, to answer what shall be objected against them, and abide the judgment of the Court therein; and have you then and there this writ.

Witness, the Hon. A. G. Olmsted, President Judge of said Court at Smethport the 11th day of August, A. D. 1894.

GEO. W. MITCHELL, Prothonotary.
W. H. MORRISON, Deputy.

Attest, A. B. WALKER, Sheriff 35-6t.

J. COLEGROVE'S

Great Wash Goods Reduction.

I will offer all my Summer Wash Goods at and Below Cost.

SUMMER Goods must go to make room for my Fall and Winter stock. Come and get a Gingham dress at your own price. My

STOCK of Shoes is complete from C to EE widths. All latest styles—Congress, Lace or Button.

AT this store you will find the gentlemanly 'Squire Holder to wait on you or attend to legal business connected with his office.

COST you nothing to examine our fine stock of fancy groceries and canned goods whether you purchase or not. Come and get prices.

J. Colegrove.

Next to Bank.

Wagon & Carriage FACTORY.



Having leased the factory formerly operated by C. C. Warren, at Coudersport, Pa., I am now making all the needed improvements and enlarging the facilities for doing an extensive business.

I am now manufacturing

**Buggies,
Road Carts,
Platform,
Lumber
and Road
WAGONS.**

I make a specialty of three and four inch tired Wagons, using only the best materials.

Only the best workmen employed, and all work will be under my personal supervision.

THOS. R. CRAFT,
June 18, 1894. COUDERSPORT, PA.

Smethport Mills,

C. E. BARRETT, Proprietor,

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, MEAL, BOLTED MEAL, &C.

Also in stock a fine line of flour, viz:

PILLSBURY'S BEST, -	$1.30
GOLD BALL. - -	1.00

These goods have the reputation of being the best in the market for the money.

CHICKEN FEED.

I have on hand and am constantly receiving a large stock of "Chicken Wheat," the best food known for poultry. Don't fail to get some of this feed, as you will receive better results from your poultry by using wheat than can be obtained from any other food.

C. E. BARRETT.

Corner Mill and Mechanic Sts.

The Philadelphia Weekly Press and McKean County Miner one year, $1.75 in advance.

H. C. WELLS,

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,
Smethport, Pa.,

Dealer in all kinds of Pure Drugs, Chemicals, Trusses and all Appliances for Surgical uses.
Stationery of all kinds.
A full line of Books.
The finest line of Perfume I can buy.
A full line of choice Cigars.
Prescriptions carefully compounded by the only Graduated Pharmacist in the Town.

H. C. WELLS,
SMETHPORT, PA.

OPERA HOUSE DRUG STORE.

Public Telephone to all Points.

Albert Anderson

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN
FINE BOOTS & SHOES.

I have just received a line of Gentlemen's Footwear that merits the inspection of the public.

Lumbermen's shoes a specialty.

ALBERT ANDERSON,
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,
SMETHPORT, PENN'A.
no23-13t.

FRIDAY, SEPT 7th, 1894.
ONE DAY ONLY, EACH VISIT.



FREE EYE EXAMINATION.

There is no safer, surer, or cheaper method of obtaining proper relief for overstrained and defective eyesight, headache and so forth, than to consult ELLIOTT HOUSEWORTH, the eye specialist. The happy results from correctly-fitted glasses are a grateful surprise to persons who have not before known the real profit to themselves in wearing glasses. NO CHARGE to examine your eyes. All glasses guaranteed.

ELLIOTT HOUSEWORTH, of Philadelphia,
SPECIALIST ON THE EYE.
AT THE STORE OF M. L. ARMSTRONG, JEWELER, MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

FORD'S RED FRONT.

ALWAYS TO THE FRONT.

The Olean Clothier!

By Fair Dealing and Courteous Treatment our trade has steadily increased. When in Olean do not forget to call and see our stock of

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

of the Latest Styles and Patterns. We are sure to please you. Prices to suit the times.

FORD'S RED FRONT.
Strictly One Price.
158 and 160 Union St. OLEAN, N. Y.

SPRING IN BRADFORD!

What we recommend has been time-tested. You can depend upon it. For eighteen years we have studied the market to get the best for the least. We buy enough to get things down. We sell as we buy, below everybody.

RUBBER PAINT.

A ready-mixed paint with plenty of India rubber in it. A paint that 3 times outlasts common paint, and always looks new, smooth, glossy.

No weather affects it. We have tested it for 15 years. $1.50 per gal.

SWEET'S BABY CABS.

For 8 years these Cabs have controlled the trade of this section.

Mothers have tried them and talked about them till now most mothers use no other. Novelty springs, a new patent brake and handsome designs for them all.

125 Styles.

VOGT'S REFRIGERATORS.

Remarkably cheap, yet you or we can't tell why. They touch perfection in circulation, ventilation and economy. They are wonderfully easy to clean. Yet cost like the commonest ice boxes that some makers make

SOME NEW THINGS.

Pure aluminium is now being used for cooking utensils by everyone who sees it. Premier Egg Cups form a new way of cooking eggs. A new practical washing machine. New Bissell carpet sweepers, made in Vermillion wood.

CHAMBER SETS,	HARDWARE,
CHINA,	MILL SUPPLIES,
GLASSWARE,	STEAM FITTINGS,
SILVERWARE,	OIL WELL SUPPLIES,
KITCHEN WARE,	TOOLS. ALL KINDS.

Nowhere so plentiful—Nowhere so cheap,

AS AT

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,
EMERY & WEAVER.
43-45 Main St. Bradford, Pa.

BOOKS, NOVELS.

If you want a Novel for 10c.
go to McCoy's Drug Store.
If you want a Novel for 15c.
go to McCoy's Drug Store.
If you want a Novel for 25c.
go to McCoy's Drug Store.
If you want a Bible, Prayer Book, Dictionary and all, Etc.,
go to

McCOY'S DRUG STORE,
ODD FELLOW'S BUILDING,
SMETHPORT, PENNA.

J. G. WILLIAMS,

FRESH & SMOKED MEATS,
POULTRY and OYSTERS,
Groceries & Provisions,
Canned Goods, &c

The public are invited to make a careful inspection of my stock and prices.

J. G. WILLIAMS,
Main St., above Grand Central. SMETHPORT, PA

McKean County Miner.

Entered at the postoffice at Smethport as second class mail matter.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

... your paper shows the time to ... address of your paper changes ... as well as the new one. ... paper stopped, pay arrears ... will continue liable if the ... whether you take it from ...

... the paper regularly let us ... every man's paper every week ... with the mails when not received.

... Remember that for $1.25 we send the MINER and Philadelphia Weekly ... one year.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 7, 1894.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

... market.

... here this week.

... opened on Monday.

... fair is being held at Meadville ... week.

... paper is to be started in Bradford in a few days.

... Wilcox, of Newerf, advertises ... in another column.

... Fairbank offers her home for ... in another column.

... received very little friendship ... last ball playing trip.

... couples had an impromptu party ... house, Monday night.

... lower mill shut down last ... owing to the scarcity of water.

... Teachers' Institute will be held ... week commencing October 8th.

... near Johnsonburg destroyed ... quantities of lumber and standing timber.

... Rev. Thomas A. Stevenson will preach at St. Luke's church on Sunday morning.

... who has been confined in jail on the charge of infanticide was released ...

... baskets of peaches arrived here on Wednesday by express addressed to Mr. ...worth.

... MINER is under obligations to ... B. Brown, of Harrisburg, for ... documents.

... gambling places were closed by the ... chief of police, at Bradford, on ... night.

... has a murder trial this week ... case of Robert Clark for the killing of Warren Mix.

... crop of the country will be ... hundred million bushels by drouth and other causes.

... Picard cut his foot severely with ... last week, and is quite lame from ... effects of the wound.

... sections of the county was well represented during court week by representative men of this county.

... Wilson, the restaurant man, has ... in reference to oysters in another column. Mr. Wilson always keeps the best.

... Young People's society of the Baptist church will serve peaches and ... at the parsonage this evening. All are invited.

... Tuesday, we received invitations ... the silver wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. H. L. McCoy on Saturday afternoon.

... Knights of the Maccabees at ... had an ox roast on Wednesday and the Kane *Republican* says they had a most enjoyable time.

Married at Grand Central on Monday by Rev. J. W. Wright: Mr. George W. Werner, of Williston, Pa. and Miss ... Crocker, of Corea.

Now is the time to place your fall advertising, and remember the MINER has the best general circulation of any paper in McKean county.

During the week, the county commissioners had the lamp post that was pulled over by being used as a hitching post some weeks since, repaired.

A ...ewsville woman advertises in a ... paper that she will pay no debts contracted by her husband except on a written order from herself. Poor man.

W. C. Rockwell, the florist, of Bradford ... his attention to his fine stock in another column of this paper. When in need of flowers do not fail to give him a call.

There is more truth than poetry in P. H. Devitt's advertisement. He says ... is a dangerous beverage at present.

... Brother Butler must have tried ... beer.

We are glad to learn from a correspondent that hopes are entertained for the recovery of I. C. Godling, of Port Allegany, who has been very low for some time with a fever.

It is reported that C. F. McAmbley, near Ormsby, has lost about 250,000 feet of ... logs, by fire. Considerable quantities of stove and chemical wood has been destroyed.

Fires around Kane and Mt. Jewett during the week have been doing great damage to timber, bark, logs and oil rigs. ... far no lives have been lost in that ... by the fire.

Dr. Burg Chadwick has removed his ... into his new building. This is one of the finest looking buildings in town and we congratulate the Doctor on this evidence of his prosperity.

W. C. Rockwell, of Bradford came near being captured by a contingent of the W. R. C., of Smethport. Ask Comrade Wright about the affair. He will be pleased to give full particulars.

Some of our merchants will close ... little earlier during the mission to ... held in this place from Sept. 18th, in order to hear the Rev. Mr. Watson's sermons. It is a good movement.

John Breneman has added a new ... to the Grand Central that will be ... appreciated by all the guests. ... and matting have been placed in ... halls and stairways in the house.

The Maccabees hold their State Convention at Warren on September ... which they will take action on the ... of forming a great camp. W. E. ... is the delegate from Smethport.

Owing to the large amount of travel on the W. N. Y. & P. R. R., it would accommodate the public very much if more coaches were run on the trains. Standing ... becomes tiresome, if followed up for any length of time.

Mrs. Eleanor Wykoff, of Savoy, ... to attend the reunion of the old soldiers held in this place last week. She is ... years old and a great aunt of our ... townsman, Ira Haskins. Mrs. Wykoff had several sons in the war.—*Enterprise.*

The Smethport Bicycle club are making arrangements to give a social dance at Kittridge opera house Sept. 26. No pains will be spared to make this one of the most enjoyable of the season. A jolly good time and lots of fun always goes with the bicycle people.

—Bradford will have an industrial exhibition commencing the week of October 23d.

—During the week fire threatened to destroy Camp Halsey, the summer resort of our esteemed friend, Charles Dickinson. But by superhuman efforts the camp was saved and our friend breathes easier again.

—On Saturday last, 102,000 butter boxes were turned out at the G. W. Campbell & Sons' factory. This is considered an extraordinary output as the machinery is all entirely new and not yet down to good working order.—Kane *Republican.*

—During the Bradford vs Oaks ball game on Tuesday, a new style of base running was tried and adopted—cutting the corner inside of first base, a distance of over ten feet. We saw it successfully carried out twice and each time brought in a run.

—Ed Waver, of Olean, on Monday worked ten of the principal mercantile firms of that city to the tune of $200 by means of forged checks. Being labor day the fraud was not discovered until the next day when the scoundrel had fled to other parts.

—Ex-Sheriff Walter Grubb presented a very dignified appearance, when acting as a committee of one in presenting the silver set awarded by the Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co., on Monday night. Mrs. Ellen Ormsby was the fortunate party that got the set.

—The Kane *Republican* is now a daily. The first issue was placed before the public, Sept 4th. It is a bright and newsy four column folio sheet. Mr. Northrup shows the proper spirit of enterprise and the MINER wishes him and his new undertaking abundant success.

—From many of our exchanges we learn that the various chemical works in this section are shut down, owing to the recently passed tariff bill, for the reason that the tariff was taken off of wood alcohol. It is this way the Democrats have succeeded in helping our industries.

—The dance given by the Oaks base ball team, on Wednesday night, at Kittridge's opera house, was a decided success in every particular. The boys deserve a high compliment for getting up such an orderly entertainment. The music was very fine and the best of order prevailed throughout.

—Inasmuch as considerable talk has been indulged in pro and con. in reference to our water system, would it not be a better solution of the whole matter to have the borough authorities arrange for the purchase of the whole plant so that it will come under their direct supervision? Think the matter over.

—It is said that dancing makes a girl's feet large. It is also said that ice cream produces freckles. Doctors are of the opinion that hanging on the front gate produces rheumatism. The chewing of gum destroys the mouth. Playing on the piano destroys the hands, and washing dishes causes chaps—to come and propose.

—L. C. Haynes, the popular tailor, had a fine three column cut in last Sunday's *Buffalo Express* of his famous establishment in the Masonic temple at Olean. Mr. Haynes is built on that broad plan that is not afraid to spend a few dollars in advertising, knowing full well that he will get ample returns from printer's ink, judiciously applied.

—Last Saturday the roof of the depot at Eldred caught fire and came very near destroying the whole structure. But their efficient water works saved a serious loss to the Railroad company. Eldred is to be complimented on her water supply. This is the third time within a short period that the firemen have had an opportunity to show their skill.

—Lindholm & Co. although a new firm having very recently started their business, yet by diligence and perseverance have built up an excellent trade, are compelled to build an addition to their store building. They will add on 28 feet in the rear, which will contain an office and store room. This shows what energy and push will do, it gets to the front every time.

—F. E. Baldwin was admitted to practice in the different courts of McKean county, on Tuesday. Mr. Baldwin had formerly been admitted to the Bar of Michigan, but the laws of Pennsylvania are strict and he found it necessary to serve in some attorney's office one year before he could secure admission to the Bar here. Success to our worthy friend is the wish of the MINER.

—School commenced Monday with Prof. Fell as Principal. Mrs. Carrie G. Smith, Miss Harriet L. Haycroft, Miss Grace Kirkland, Miss Adda Burch and Miss Mary Brennan as his assistants. With the exception of the principal, all were teachers in last year's school. With the able corps of teachers that Mr. Fell has to assist him the school should certainly be a decided success.

—The Kickapoo Indian Medicine Company, which have been giving entertainments and selling their valuable remedies here for the past two weeks, left on Tuesday morning for Duke Centre. This company has left a host of friends here by their gentlemanly deportment and honorable business methods, and we cordially recommend them to the people of Duke Centre and vicinity.

—A decoction of cinnamon is recommended as a drink to be taken freely in localities where there is a typhoid fever or cholera, for cinnamon has the power to destroy all infectious microbes. Even its scent kills them, while it is perfectly harmless to human beings. It is said that the essence of cinnamon when exposed in the sick room will kill typhoid bacili in 12 hours and prevent fresh cases.

—The fifth annual excursion of Railway Conductors, under the auspices of Bradford Division, No. 20, O. R. C., to Niagara Falls via the B., R. & P. Ry., will be on Sunday, September 9th. Special train leaves Bradford at 9:00 a. m., arriving at the Falls at noon. Returning, leave the Falls at 6 p. m. Fare, round trip, from Bradford, $1.50. Tickets will also be good returning on regular trains of Sept. 10th.

—The use of broad tires on roads is a subject that should receive attention. Instead of cutting up the road a broad tire serves as a roller and packs and smoothes the road. It is not necessary to have heavy wheels because they are broad. In this age of steel, broad wheels may combine strength, lightness and efficiency, and their use would save the roads and also permit of drawing heavier loads.

—A disgraceful thing occurred on Main street Tuesday forenoon—an able bodied man pounding a poor old man that was full of liquor. The aggressor may have had some cause, but it would have looked far better if he had walked away and left the poor inebriate alone, at least that is the opinion of those acquainted with the parties. We sincerely hope there will be no more of such proceedings in our pleasant town.

—The most remarkable run of fever we ever heard of is the case of James Redmond, who has been lying at death's door for over five weeks. But Dr. Clark informs us that he is in a fair way to recover. We judge it is owing to the Doctor's skillful treatment and Mrs. Freeman's careful nursing that Mr. Redmond owes his life.

—E. A. Williams, a watchmaker of New York, recently accomplished a remarkable feat—that of drilling a hole through the entire length of a common pin, from head to point, the opening being just large enough to admit the passage of a hair. A former feat of the same man was to cut a sewing needle in two lengthwise, drill holes and fasten together again so nicely that the split could not be seen with the naked eye.

—The daily evening services at St. Luke's church during the Mission, will consist of a familiar hymn and a few collects. The main feature of the evening services will be the sermon or address. Several special services have been arranged. There will be a service for men only on Sunday Sept. 23rd at 4:30 p. m. Special addresses to women only on Saturday Sept. 22nd at 4:30 p. m. Children service and instructions at 4:15 p. m. daily except Saturday and Sunday.

—A newspaper in Illinois recently brought suit against 43 men who would not pay their subscriptions, and obtained judgment in each case for the amount of each claim. Of these 26 made affidavit that they owned no more than the law allowed them, thus preventing attachments. Then under the decision of the Supreme Court they were arrested for petit larceny and bound over in the sum of $300 each. All but six gave the bonds. The postal law makes it petit larceny to take a paper and refuse to pay for it.

—Old Uncle Reuben Persing of Elk Run, three miles east of this place has one of the queerest curiosities in the shape of a cat we have ever seen. It has the hind feet of a lamb and the perfect fore feet of a ground hog. It has fine feathers on the tip of its tail, and silky wool on its head and neck. It roosts with the chickens and lives principally on clover and buckwheat.—*Galeton Gazette.* This must be a reduced edition of the wild man. Come, Tom, let up on this or the rest of us poor ink slingers will have no show at all.

—The annual convention of McKean county, W. C. T. U., will be held in Bradford, Sept., 20 and 21. The exercises will be of the usual interesting character. Among these will be physical culture classes by Mrs. Ida Chapman at each session, parliamentary drill by Mrs Bertha Howe, and reports of Superintendants of the work done through the year by local unions. These with a fine program for Y. night and the leadership of Mrs. Helen Barker, of Chicago, national secretary and lecturer, will make a very interesting and profitable occasion, and it is hoped, will give an impetus to this important work.

—One of the most destructive fires ever known in this country, visited Hinckley Minn. and surrounding country, literally destroyed it by fire and between four and five hundred people lost their lives in the flames. Dispatches state that people were running in every direction to escape from the terrible element that was sweeping over the country devouring everything in its path. Desolation and ruin on every hand, whole families wiped out, not one left to tell of the fearful experience by the poor unfortunates. The generous people in that section are nobly coming forward with aid to relieve the distress of those that remain.

—Lawrence VanSickles while working in the woods on Long Brook, near Kasson, last Monday, was hit on the top of the head with a limb, cutting a gash about two inches deep, but fortunately not fracturing the skull. He was taken to the house of Sam Bloomster, at Kasson, who hitched up a team and brought the wounded man to Smethport. For a long time a physician could not be found, but finally Dr. McCoy appeared on the scene and the sufferer's wounds were dressed. Mr VanSickles lost a large amount of blood and became quite weak during the operation. The doctor does not consider the wound dangerous. Right here we wish to say, when such accidents occur, put a tight bandage around the wound and stop the flow of blood.

—Charles Brown, and W. C. Rockwell, of Bradford, were attending court as jurymen this week. They attempted to work an old established custom that has been in vogue for a long time, that is, exonerating discharged soldiers from jury duty. They brought their discharges along and made arrangements to return by the next train. The court ruled otherwise, and our old veterans had to come down among the common herd and act in the capacity of settling disputes in McKean county. However they made the discharges useful in another direction. They visited the Indian show and threw their papers down in front of "Lo, the poor Indian," who said "Me no read." Our doughty friends assumed a haughty attitude, striking their breasts as much as to say, "we belong to the ring." The poor Indian was overawed and allowed them to enter without the usual fee. After they had enjoyed the show gratis, they made another bold attempt to draw prizes on their discharges but someway their numbers did not fit. In the morning poor Lo had folded his tent and moved to more congenial quarters, where Uncle Sam's discharged veterans would not attempt to ruin their business by foisting discharges on them for admission tickets.

An Explanation.

In order that no one may be misled by the decision of the Court in the Corydon case which we published last week, we print this week, the following, which explains the matter more fully:

"The injunction granted by Judge Morrison only restrains the collection of the school, school building and special road taxes assessed against the lands of Warring S. Weed, the plaintiff in the bill of equity upon which the decision was made. The order does not restrain the collection of such taxes assessed against anybody else, but the decision does hold that the levying of said taxes in Corydon township for 1892 and 1893 was illegal.

Obituary.

The funeral of Mrs. Oliver Irons was held from her late residence, near Colegrove, on Wednesday morning last, the service being conducted by Rev. W. G. Hallwell, and interment in Rose Hill cemetery. Mrs. Irons' maiden name was Ann Housler, born at Emporium in 1827, removed to Smethport when quite young and on Feb. 20, 1850, was married to Oliver Irons. Her husband and six children survive her—Wilbur, George and Willis Irons; Mrs. Millie Beaver; Mrs. E. M. Bates and Mrs. Florence Bigelow.

To Those About to Build.

All persons about to build should call on or write to H. A. Button, architect and builder, Coudersport, Pa. Plans and specifications made on short notice. The best of references given.

SOCIETY AND PERSONAL NOTES.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

Deputy Davis had business in Corea Tuesday.

Geo. McAvoy, of Kane, attended court this week.

Sheriff Walker had business in Bradford Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Brasted returned home Tuesday.

Clarence Backer had business in Bradford Wednesday.

H. C. Wells and wife were in Port Allegany last week.

Col. Rogers departed for Kane on Tuesday morning.

R. K. Godding went to Olean Monday to celebrate labor day.

Our old friend M. L. App, of Eldred, was in town this week.

A. P. Corwin, of Sawyer, was among our callers on Monday.

Attorney T. F. Richmond had business in Bradford Wednesday.

Judge Olmsted, of Coudersport, presided at court this week.

F. H. Reed and wife, of Clermont paid Olean a visit Saturday last.

R. C. Bard, of Port Allegany, made us a pleasant call on Tuesday.

R. B. Stone, Esq., of Bradford, was among our callers this week.

W. R. Franklin, Port Allegany's liveryman, was in town Monday.

Miss Flora Brooks, of Olean, returned to East Smethport on Monday.

Frank Richmond has been confined to the house for a number of days.

P. L. Brand, of the Fidelity Insurance Co., arrived in town on Tuesday.

Miss Bessie Shook returned to school at Fredonia, N. Y. last Wednesday.

Miss C. W. Freeman, of Bradford, visited Mrs. J. A. Yerdon, last week.

A. N. Heard, of Bradford, is serving the county as a juryman this week.

Squire Nash, of Rixford was a guest at the Wright House during the week.

Mrs. Kate Baker, of Larrabee, was a pleasant caller at our office on Thursday.

W. J. Cuthburt, of Ridgway, was at the Wright House the first of the week.

Miss Minnie Hibbard, a former teacher in our school, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Dr. Robinson, of Brooklyn, N. Y. daughter of J. C. Hamlin, is here on a visit.

Mrs. J. C. Gallup and children returned home from Mansfield the first of the week.

Mrs. Jennie Smith and children returned to their home in Buffalo Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Ada Cable, of Bradford, in company with her son Gustin, were in town Monday last.

J. Frank Tyler and wife, of Portage Creek, were registered at the Wright House on Monday.

Miss Lee A. Knapp, returned from a visit with relatives in Rochester, N. Y., on Tuesday evening.

Ernest Swanson, of Lantz, was a pleasant caller on Thursday and is a new subscriber to the MINER.

Mr. Bosworth and Mrs. W. O. Hamlin and son returned to their home in Brooklyn, N. Y., on Friday last.

Miss Lottie McNelly returned to New York Saturday after a two weeks visit with her sister, Mrs. Purtle.

Chas. Oblig, of Mt. Jewett, was in town Thursday and greeted the MINER office while here with a call.

Dennis Quinlisk departed for Philadelphia Monday to attend the C. M. B. A., convention held there this week.

H. B. McQuiston and Misses Jennie and Blanch McQuistion, of Rixford, were at the Grand Central on Sunday.

Miss Gertrude Walker leaves this evening for Bradford, where she will attend the High School for the coming term.

John Yerdon and family, of Rixford, spent a few days with his brother, J. A. Yerdon in this place, returning Sunday.

Mr. Ralph Sawyer, superintendant of the poor house at Kankakee, Ill., visited his nephew J. A. Yerdon, the last of the week.

C. Wilder, of Derrick City, was in town Monday on business. He is one of the war horses of the Republican party of this county.

John Troy, of Olean, went to Ormsby on Wednesday to place some insurance on the McKean Bro's bark and lumber as an inducement to bring rain.

G. V. Thompson, of Mt. Jewett, one of that busy little town's best citizens was here attending court as juror and was a pleasant caller at the MINER office.

C. A. Anderson, of Colegrove, made the MINER office a pleasant call, Wednesday. Mr. Anderson has the monopoly of the mercantile trade in that section, and is a hustler.

We had the pleasure of meeting Dr. Thos. L. Kane, of Kane, and Elisha K. Kane, of Kushequa, the first of the week. We hope to meet the gentlemen frequently, and become better acquainted.

Judge Brownell returned home from Cambridgeboro on Wednesday, after an absence of over two weeks, looking as though he had enjoyed himself while away and was at peace with all the world.

F. E. Baldwin started on Thursday for Austin, Galeton and other points in Potter county, with a view of selecting a good point to hang out his shingle. The MINER wishes him success in his new undertaking, but regrets very much to lose his congenial company.

The following ladies left here on Monday for Clarion to attend the Normal School: Ella Biggins, Ceres; Bertha Hall and Vada Coleman, Port Allegany; Mabel Burdick, Ada Rife and Hortence Orlatt, Norwich; Delia Haffner, Lillie Campbell and Genevieve Stevenson, Smethport; Alice Richards, Kasson; Belle Loop.

Edinboro State Normal School.

An effective training school for teachers. Excellent opportunities for music, Post Graduate Work, for preparing for college or for business education. Every department is thoroughly equipped. The school has a large library, a good museum, a gymnasium, beautiful grounds and pleasant surroundings. The faculty is large and well qualified. Expenses moderate. Prospective teachers receive state aid. Expenses for a term of 16 weeks, including board, tuition, furnished rooms, lights, heat, etc., $43 to $52. Fall term begins Sept. 3, 1894. For catalogues and information address, Martin G. Benedict, A.B., Ph.D., Principal. 33-5t

For Sale.

Thinking of moving West, I will offer for sale my house and lots. For full particulars inquire at my residence, opposite the Opera House.
36-4t MRS. A. D. BURBANK.

Real faith never grows weak by having to wait. Sufferers taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for chronic complaints should be patient and the result will be satisfactory. Hood's cures.

Just received at F. G. Lindholm & Co.'s store a fine line of Gent's furnishing goods.

Court Proceedings.

Motion for Judgment granted Orpha Strait vs Otto Township. Rule to show cause granted, returnable at 2 o'clock p. m. on first day of next regular term why special tax should not be levied to pay judgment of Orpha Strait vs Otto Township.

T. Sullivan, Carl G. Wennerstrum, Albert Joonson, Frank Wennerstrum, John A. Johnson and Edward O'Connell sworn as citizens in open court.

Post Martin & Co. vs Kinzua Hemlock Railroad Co. An action to recover $260, balance due on purchase of rolling stock. Jury failing to agree, was discharged.

A. Henchie, David Howells and M. W. Mofit appointed to view road in townships of Hamlin and Sergeant.

M. J. Hoadley, E. B. Dolley and F. P. Camp appointed to view and report as to vacating of a public road in Liberty township.

Agreement in settlement filed in the case of James O'Mara vs W. A. Vorce et. al.

F. W. Davis vs Keystone Milling Co. tried and judgment awarded in favor of plaintiff for $28.19.

James Rowland vs. Keystone Milling Co., judgment for plaintiff $87.20.

C. L. Douglas vs. Keystone Milling Co. judgment for plaintiff $81.30.

M. W. Wagner vs. Keystone Milling Co. judgment for plaintiff $78 57.

Frank E. Baldwin admitted to the Bar of McKean county.

C. Reilly vs. A. M. Hall et. al., judgment by agreement in favor of plaintiff, $85 20

C. L. Douglas vs. A. J. Edgett, J. A. Waldo, Alexander Watson. This is one of those famous "Dam" suits, brought to recover damages on a bond given in an injunction suit which Mr. Douglas alleges to have suffered by reason of the injunction.

The following cases on the trial list have been settled:

James Wheaton vs. James Doyle.

John Gregory vs. E. N. Mayo.

James O'Meara vs. W. S. Vorce and Bertha Vorce.

E. L. Adams and J. R. Drooney, surviving partners, late doing business as F. E. Brooks & Co., vs. E. A. VanScoy.

M. S. Isherwood vs. John Bissett and E. W. Bissett, partners, trading as Bissett Bros.

Thomas D. Patterson vs. John Hendrickson.

William Robertson & Son vs. John P. Zane and J. W. Vantine.

The following cases have been continued:

Albert Lindow vs. W. M. and S. E. McDonald and W. H. Hyde & Co.

Eliza Lincoln vs. R. T. Lain.

J. H. Tate, continuing partner of the late firm of C. H. Moore & Co., vs. Sam'l W. Smith and F. F. Rewley, assignee of C. H. Moore.

Mrs. Sophia Mullett vs. the Western New York & Pennsylvania Railroad company.

I. Rogers, treasurer of McKean county use of Francis Jerald, vs. W. R. Morrison.

M. S. Miller and C. M. Nellis vs. Abe Anderson.

New York, Lake Erie & Western Railway Co. vs. Olean, Bradford & Warren Railroad Co., Western New York & Pa. R. R. Co. and Samuel G. DeCoursey, receiver.

Ransom Niles vs W. S. Weed and S. A. Hundy, doing business as W. S. Weed & Co.

Mrs. Jennie Brink vs. Hamilton Township.

A. M. Boyd, administrator of the estate of Orrin Seaward vs. J. H. Dingham.

My Trip to Cassadaga Lake. What I Saw And Heard There.

The world is full of mystery, but none more so than the advent of man upon this planet, together with his life, death, and future destiny. We follow our loved ones to the tomb and there we leave them, beyond its portals we cannot go. Then faith and hope spring up and we ask ourselves, shall we not live again and see our loved ones? Who knows or who can tell? This is a question often asked but never answered with any certainty. Go ask the pope, the so-called representative of Christ or the wisest and most learned Doctor of Divinity on the earth, and all they can do will be to point to faith and hope as the answer, but as to any knowledge or certainty, they must, like all other mortals bow to ignorance. But as faith and hope, belief and creed give no evidence nor establish a single fact, we are still left in doubt, hence man, with all his science, intelligence and civilization, his knowledge and wisdom, his faith and hope, his creed and belief, does not know whether death is to be a wall or an open door. All beyond is simply conjecture, speculation and theory.

But out at Cassadaga the tables are turned. The chasm between the two worlds is bridged over. It is not a matter of faith and hope with these people, but one of actual fact and knowledge. They talk and have communion, send and receive messages and oftentimes see their loved ones from the other side. They have burned up and destroyed the Devil, put out the fires of torment, while limbo, purgatory and paradise, where souls quietly repose or otherwise, is simply a relic and myth of the dark ages. Death, there is really no death. What we call death is only a transition to a higher life. The body, like an old garment, is thrown off and life and intelligence go on, consequently these people are happy; yes, I believe they are the happiest class on the globe to-day. Lilly Dale is headquarters and name of the place, and is a large village set in the woods running down to and bordering on the lake, a beautiful sheet of water. It is really a charming resort and many live here who are not spiritualists on that account. Drunkenness nor drinking of the ardent is seen and what is more, no officers of the law are seen or required there. The Auditorium is a large building with a seating capacity I should say 2,000 persons. Two lectures are given here each day, one in the forenoon and the other in the afternoon. These lecturers speak from inspiration, that is, as their spirit guides as they are called to dictate, and it is really astonishing how the words flow from their mouths in a steady stream from one to two hours, besides they are marvels of learning and deep research. At the close of each lecture a Miss Maggie Gaule, of Baltimore, steps upon the platform and gives what is called 'spirit tests.' She says, "I see a spirit standing there by such a gentleman or lady, as the case may be, tells its name, how and where it died, proves its identity and then gives a message from the spirit. She generally gives fifteen or twenty of these tests and in every instance they were stated by the individual to be true. In my next article I will speak of "Slate Writing" and "Materialization" as seen by me. C. K. SARTWELL.

Lost.

A two year old heifer of a light red color and tarred on right hip, was missed about the first of August between Kings Run and Kane.

Anyone giving information towards finding her will be liberally rewarded upon reporting to the at Kane.
P. W. McHale.

AROUND THE COUNTY.

Interesting News From Various Localities Picked up by Our Regular Correspondents.

PORT ALLEGANY.

Contractor C. E. Grover has put the finishing touches to the city building and has some fifteen days to spare on his contract. The work has been done according to the plans and specifications, and there appears to be nothing lacking in its construction or appointments. The lower floor on the east side of the building is to be occupied by Star Hose Co. as a hose room, and the rooms immediately above to be used by them as a sitting room or Hose parlors. The lower floor on west of building will be used as a polling room and town hall, with a room in the rear in which iron cells are placed for the village lockup, or bastile. Above these are rooms for the City officers, council chamber, etc. Mr. Grover has done the work conscientously and very neatly using only the best materials and many little items not mentioned in contract, have been carefully attended to. In our opinion had Mr. Grover been awarded the contract on his bid for the construction and completion of the said building a year ago last spring the borough of Port Allegany would be in the neighborhood of two thousand dollars better off than they are at the present time.

Thursday last was an exciting day on the Two Mile. A Swedish farmer named John Carlson was engaged in draying bark from a side hill near his residence and was being assisted in his work by his son, aged 13 years, and a neighbor. While coming down the hill with a load, the horses became frightened and started to run. The load tipped partly over, throwing the boy off and crushed him to death beneath the load. The horrified parent was powerless to stop the frightened team, and could only clasp his dead child in his arms. Kind hands conveyed the little fellow to the now saddened home. The funeral services were held in the Swedish Lutheran Church on Saturday afternoon, Rev. Jonason officiating. The remains were interred in Lewis Hill Cemetery. The afflicted parents have the sympathy of all in their sad bereavement.

On Saturday morning last, at about nine o'clock, a fire was discovered in a partition between the office and reading room of the Horton House, which had gained considerable headway. Fortunately it was discovered in the nick of time, and by attaching the lawn hose to the water faucet the flames were subdued without calling on the fire department and with but little damage to house and furniture.

The Shamrocks of Bradford came over last Tuesday and crossed bats with our local nine. The Shamrocks put up a good game and defeated our team by a score of 15 to 13. During the game Master Lawrence Larrabee received a crack in the eye from a red hot ball, which knocked the "yell" all out of him, closed his eye discolored the entire side of his face and he now wears his eye in a sling.

Quite a number of our young people took in the excursion to Galeton on Sunday and were delighted and surprised at the grandeur of the scenery along the line of the Buffalo and Susquehanna R. R. and were also astonished at the feats of engineering which planned and successfully carried out the construction of a railroad over the mountains and through the gorges of Southen Potter.

The Coudersport Orchestra are to give a dance in the opera house, here, on Wednesday evening 5th inst, which we hope will be liberally patronized, as the gentlemen comprising this justly celebrated orchestra have labored indefatigably to bring it to its present standard of excellence, and they are deserving the support of our best citizens.

Ex-Judge H. T. Reynolds and wife, of Ulysses, were in town over Sunday, the guests of Mrs. Reynolds' sister, Mrs. C. N. Barrett. The Judge is as smiling and jovial as in years gone by, but is ageing fast. Doubtless many of his grey hairs and aches and pains are the result of active service at the front in the early "Sixties."

Our graded school commenced on Monday, with that able instructor, Prof. Chas. B. Kelly, at the helm. He is being assisted by a corps of new but competent teachers whose names, ages, and positions we hope to obtain in time for our next letter to the MINER.

Editor and Mrs. C. O. Laymon are entertaining a young lady, who called at their house last Friday evening, demanding food and raiment. They are correspondingly happy and Charlie is receiving the congratulations of many friends.

On Saturday, a neighboring Swede named Ben Jackson had his house and entire stock of household goods destroyed by fire. We understand there was a small insurance on house and goods.

The newly organized Port Allegany Cornet Band gave an open air concert in the village square last Friday evening; all who heard it speak in terms of praise.

Mrs. D. Hochstin and son, Sammy, spent Sunday at the Potter Co. hub, the guest of her uncle, S. Deiches.

Although Mr. Izate Godding is a very sick man, hopes are entertained for his recovery.

Miss Altia Arney returned Saturday from a visit with relatives at Renovo.

KANE.

On Sunday, several Kane wheelmen thought they would ride to the county seat. At some point on Marvin Creek road they turned to the right, and the party rode into Clermont, thinking they were about the poor farm, but they could not account for those familiar land marks, the court house and the soldier's monument failing to appear on the horizon. One or two of the party muttered something about Hamlin Park, as they started home, via Wilcox.

The initial number of the Daily Kane *Republican* made its appearance Tuesday afternoon. It is given a hearty support by the business men of Kane in advertising, is full of the latest news, sparkling with pith and witticisms, all evidences that Northrup is at its head.

Howells, Moffitt & Co. have started their clothespin factory. They have put in improved machinery which they claim is saving in timber, making more and better pins with less hands than the old process required.

Mrs. Andrew Gustason died on Friday last, at her home on the Smethport road, aged 43 years. She leaves a husband and nine children, the youngest a babe 10 days old.

Miss Anna Campbell, daughter of Geo. W. Campbell of North Kane spent Sunday in Kinzua village with her brother, Rev. James W. Campbell.

A nine year old son of C. A. Ellithorpe, residing at Carlo, was kicked in the head by a horse last Thursday evening. Recovery is doubtful.

The American Co-operative Union.

This a new organization now being formed in McKean county by the laboring men. As this week's paper is sent out through the county to its many readers we find that a large majority of them are laboring people. In the issue of the MINER of Aug. 10th, in my letter, "A Word to the Laboring Men," I closed by promising to let you hear more fully in regard to our Union, but as space will not permit me to give our plans in full, I shall have to be brief. In the first place we are an American Union, with an American membership and with sufficient capital to open up a new territory. We propose to purchase a large tract of timber land in the South and build manufacturing plants, furnishing employment to our members, thus helping them to get homes. We shall extend an invitation to all honest American laboring men to join our Union, and by so doing they will help their brother laboring men. There is a rainy day coming for the working man that has no home or nest-egg laid by for a time of need. The storm clouds are gathering for the working men of this country, with thousands of men out of employment, and labor and capitol at war, and what they are doing at Washington, already you can hear the distant thunder peal from the broad Atlantic's billows, to the calm Pacific's shore. The Americans as a nation have been burning their candle at both ends, and a time of want is sure to come. Let the laboring men stop and think. Our board of Directors will meet at Smethport on Sept. 15th. C. W. H.

List of Letters

remaining in the postoffice at Smethport, Pa., for the week ending Sept. 1, 1894:

Conoly, Mrs. Mary	Glenn, W. J.
Graham, Christopher	Johnson, Alssy
Jacobson, A. J.	Larson, Gust
Roe, Richard	Smith, Willard
Vale, Miss Lillie	Wall, James

Persons calling for these letters please say "advertised."
W. P. WALSH, Postmaster.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

BASE BALL.

Oaks Win from Bradford—Other News of Interest to Base Ball Cranks.

On Tuesday a picked nine from Bradford "crossed bats" with the Oaks at Hamlin Park. The Oaks won easily by a score of 17 to 13. The Smethport boys played a splendid game up to the eighth inning, when a combination of errors by the Oaks allowed their opponents to score nine runs. The features of the game were the pitching of Thoetge, the fine catches of Collins and the catches that Bell and Knapp did not make of easy flies. The summary:

OAKS	ab	r	1b	po	a	e
Knapp, l. f.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
R. Bame, r. f.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Morrison, 1b.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pierce, c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell, s. s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W. Bame, 3b.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
LeFever, c. f.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sprague, 2b.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Thoetge, p.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Totals	[illegible]	17	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

BRADFORD	ab	r	1b	po	a	e
Chapman, p.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hackett, 1st.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tompson, 2nd.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brown, lf and 3b.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Collins, 3b and lf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Moy, c. f.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Heckle, c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dewey, rf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wilson, ss.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Totals	[illegible]	13	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Bradford	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	9	0	—13
Oaks	6	0	3	3	1	4	[illegible]	1	[illegible]	—17

Struck out—By Thoetge 13, Chapman 7.
Wild pitch—Thoetge 1.
Passed balls—Pierce 3.
Base on balls—Off Chapman 2, Thoetge 2.

Manager Armstrong, having been severely criticised in the *Reporter* of last week for alleged error of judgment in managing the game with the Renovos, thinks he had better resign and suggests that Mr. Laymon come up and take charge of our boys. He evidently knows how to do it.

A Letter from the Water Company.

ED. MINER:—

We have read the statement of Dr. Burg Chadwick in your issue of Aug. 31, as to danger from typhoid fever by reason of a case he knew of occuring on the stream above the reservoir which supplies Smethport with the water we drink. All who consume the water realize the danger which might occur, and our surprise is, that when the case was known by him he did not report it to the Board of Health, or to the community who are interested, or to the Water Company. We learned of it only by hearsay and the President of the Board of Health, with a member of the Water Company at once called on the family of the patient and found there had been such a case, the patient then having gone elsewhere. Fortunately the surroundings were found to be such as to cause no danger. We understand that the law as well as professional ethics calls on a physician to make a report of such conditions at once to the board of health and to the community and not to wait for the slow process of a weekly newspaper. It is however a satisfaction to feel assured there is no danger from this case and and the public will hope for earlier information if there be future ones: yet in the conditions of typhoid now so prevalent the country over, it is doubtless safer to have boiled all the water we drink.

H. Hamlin, Pres.
A. B. Armstrong, Treas.

Home and Abroad.

It is the duty of everyone, whether at home or traveling for pleasure or business, to equip himself with remedies which will keep up strength and prevent illness, and cure such ills as are liable to come upon all in everyday life. For instance, Hood's Sarsaparilla as a general tonic, and to keep the blood pure and less liable to absorb the germs of disease, will be well nigh invaluable. Change of drinking water often causes serious trouble, especially if one has been used to spring water in the country. From a few drops to a teaspoonful of Hood's Sarsaparilla in a tumbler of water will prevent the water from having an injurious effect.

Hood's Vegetable Pills, as a cathartic, cause no discomfort, no disturbance, no loss of sleep, but assist the digestive organs, so that satisfactory results are effected in a perfectly natural and regular manner.

W. F. SPECHT issues all kinds of Insurance policies, call on him when in want of any insurance.

F. G. LINDHOLM & CO.

Something New Every Week

We have secured the agency for the W. L. DOUGLAS

SHOES

and are now prepared to show you the latest styles in these good.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your Footwear by purchasing the Douglas Shoes. A guarantee goes with every pair of them. They cannot be beat. Call and see the new styles. This week we open another lot of Wash Good, New and Stylish Patterns. Our grocery department is full of good thing. 1 pound Vienna Baking Powder and a handsome picture for 50 cents.

F. G. LINDHOLM & CO.

220 Main St., Smethport, Pa.

BOSS GROCERY

Save Your Money by Buying Your

GROCERIES

OF US AT

CASH PRICES!

We buy for cash and sell for cash, and can afford to sell on a much smaller margin of profit than stores which are doing a large credit business. Call in and get our prices, and having tried us once, you will come again.

We keep on hand and are constantly receiving a large stock of

CANNED GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
FRUITS, ETC.

E. M. ROBERTS,

The Boss Grocer,

MAIN ST.

Below Chiesbrough House.

Tower Shoe Store, Olean, N.Y.

New and Stylish.

A Ladies hand turned new pointed toe, Congress gaitor, stitched in white silk, 4 large buttons on front; the top made same as men's, do not bag at top like old style but fit neat and snug. We guarantee the congress to be as lasting as the late one at Washington, price $4.00.

Send postal or 'phone us for sample pair.

Thinking mothers buy their school shoes from.

BLOODSWORTH & CO.,

Olean, N. Y.

H. W. RUBIN & CO.

(AT THE OLD STAND)

ARE NOW READY TO SHOW THE PUBLIC A COMPLETE LINE OF

SPRING CLOTHING SPRING

CONSISTING OF

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits

OF THE LATEST PATTERNS AND STYLES.

Prices are as LOW as they can be bought in the City, while the quality is GUARANTEED. Money refunded if not as represented.

Also carry in our MERCHANT TAILORING Department the most complete stock of Foreign and Domestic Goods.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED AT ALL TIMES!
SUITS MADE UP ON SHORT NOTICE!

We carry a FULL LINE of Gents' Furnishing Goods, Men's Shoes, &c.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE STORE

WE CARRY A FULL OF LINE

READY-MADE CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, LADIES AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, &c.

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY! SAVED AT THE



LUMBER YARD!

By HOLMES & GILFILLAN, Smethport, Pa.

Washington Red Cedar



Pine and Hemlock—Very best

Flooring, lath, ceiling, siding, windows, doors, mouldings of every description; anything furnished in the building line.

CALL! and see their stock. 10 car loads of furnishing stock just received; more coming daily. Their stock will please you. Mail orders promptly shipped.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

RECEIVED DAILY AT THE STORE OF

D. C. YOUNG.

SUMMER GOODS!

In great Profusion.

THE FINEST LINE OF WHITE GOODS

Ever shown in this Place.

ALL THE SPRING NOVELTIES IN DRESS GOODS,

And, in fact, everything ever kept in a GENERAL STORE. New line of SHIRT WAISTS from 50 cents up.

SMETHPORT, PA., May 16, 1894. D. C. YOUNG

FIRST IN AUTUMN SELECTIONS.

Fall Stocks being received and opened for the trade.

NEW GOODS AT LOWER PRICES.

New Dress Serges and Dress Goods of latest patterns, Ginghams, Calicos, Muslins &c.

Hosiery of the latest styles, and warranted Fast Colors.

Underwear of many varieties. Toweling, Towels, Tabling and Napkins.

Millinery: New Sailors and other articles, the first of the season, and at prices to suit the times.

MRS. T. D. NASH.

Smethport, Pa., Aug. 30, 1894.

SUNSET

will never find you over the washtub if you use

OAK-LEAF SOAP

It makes the clothes clean and white, without the back-breaking process. It will save your strength, save your money, save your clothes. Try it next washday. Sold by all grocers.

GOWANS & SONS, BUFFALO, N.Y.

NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE

AND

The McKean County Miner,

ONE YEAR,

One Dollar and Fifty Cents.

Address all Orders to the Miner.

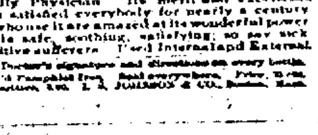
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DR. HEBRA'S
VIOLA CREAM
Removes Freckles, Pimples, Liver Moles, Blackheads, Sunburn and Tan, and restores the skin to its original freshness, producing a clear and healthy complexion. Superior to all face preparations and perfectly harmless. At all druggists, or mailed for 50cts. Send for Circular.
VIOLA SKIN SOAP is simply incomparable as a skin purifying Soap, unequaled for the toilet, and without a rival for the nursery. Absolutely pure and delicately medicated. At druggists, Price 25 Cents.
G. C. BITTNER & CO., TOLEDO, O.

MONEY TO LOAN.
Loans made from $100 to $20,000 on Personal or Real Estate security. No publicity. Loans can be returned in small monthly payments or retained for a term of years to suit borrower. A loan from this Company will not injure the financial standing of any individual or firm. No bonus. Interest 6 per cent. annually. Money loaned for any purpose, such as to increase or enter business, to pay off mortgages, judgment notes, to build or purchase property, or in fact for any purpose that money may be desired. Address, Central Trust Company of Pa., 1330 Arch Street Philadelphia, Penna.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
UNLIKE ANY OTHER. STRICTLY For FAMILY Use.
Dropped on sugar suffering children love to take it. Every Mother should have it in the house. It quickly relieves and cures all aches and pains, asthma, bronchitis, colds, coughs, catarrh, cuts, chaps, chilblains, colic, cholera morbus, earache, headache, hooping cough, inflammation, la grippe, lameness, mumps, muscular soreness, neuralgia, nervous headache, rheumatism, bites, burns, bruises, strains, sprains, stings, swellings, stiff joints, sore throat, sore lungs, toothache, tonsilitis and wind colic. Originated in 1810 by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician. Its merit and excellence have satisfied everybody for nearly a century. All who use it are amazed at its wonderful power. It is safe, soothing, satisfying; so say sick sensitive sufferers. Used Internal and External. The Doctor's signature and directions on every bottle. Illus'd Pamphlet free. Sold everywhere. Price, 35 cts. Six bottles, $2.00. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD.
Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

GO TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
Wolesale and Retail
—FOR A—
Nice Piece of Meat
Fresh, Salt or Smoked.
—FOR—
FRESH & SALT FISH
—AND FOR ALL—
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
I will also pay the highest price for
STOCK AND HIDES
CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF
Nearly opposite Catholic church. Main st.
J. F. ROONEY.

YELLOW

Are a symptom of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness, Liver Complaint.
DR. BAXTER'S MANDRAKE
BITTERS
will cure the disease and remove yellowness from skin and eyes. Warranted to cure. Sold everywhere at 25 cts. per bottle.
For Sale by H. C. Wells.

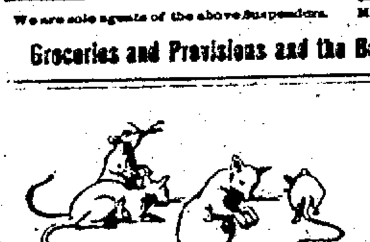
BROWNELL BROS,
SMETHPORT, PA.,
Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many



We are sole agents of the above Suspenders.

Novelties in Every Department,
Designed for the
EVERY-DAY-TRADE.
OUR EPICUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats, soups, etc.
OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.
OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies' Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.
We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens.

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market



Long Tales

told about manure won't raise paying crops. Baugh's manure is all manure. A ton of good manure costs no more than a ton of poor manure. Write for samples and information.

BAUGH & SONS COMPANY,
Manufacturers of RAW BONE MANURES,
20 South Delaware Avenue, - Philadelphia.

FARM AND GARDEN

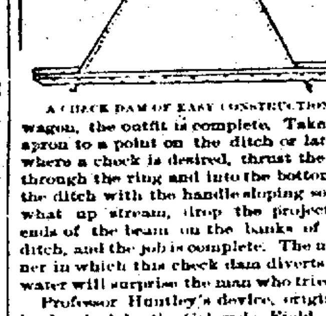
A NEW DAM FOR IRRIGATORS.

The Latest Device Is a Canvas Check Dam of Triangular Form.

There is a gradual advancement in irrigation science in the far west. The latest device is a canvas or duck check dam cut in the triangular form and calculated to fit any irrigation ditch without any delay or unnecessary use of the shovel. The device is very simple and was invented for free use by Professor Huntley of the Arkansas valley experiment station, in Colorado.

A piece of canvas 4 feet square will make two aprons. To a piece of scantling or two strips of board 6 feet long nail the cloth, first having hemmed in a piece of rope under the dependent edges and passing through a ring at the lower point. This rope is then passed through two holes in the beam, and thus securely fastened.

With a 3 or 4 foot iron rod, which may be taken from the end board of a



A CHECK DAM OF EASY CONSTRUCTION.

wagon, the outfit is complete. Take the apron to a point on the ditch or lateral where a check is desired, thrust the rod through the ring and into the bottom of the ditch with the handle sloping somewhat up stream, drop the projecting ends of the beam on the banks of the ditch, and the job is complete. The manner in which this check dam diverts the water will surprise the man who tries it.

Professor Huntley's device, originally sketched by the Colorado Field and Farm, can hardly fail to interest many readers, for there is no abatement in the irrigation boom. The irrigation idea is no longer confined to the southwest. Agriculturists everywhere who practice intensive farming recognize the importance of irrigation, which practically places the control of crops in man's hands.

Perfectly Cured Tobacco.

A successful tobacco grower is quoted in The New England Homestead as saying:

Trying to get a perfectly cured leaf in the old 45 foot wide and 6 tier high shed is a miserable failure, and no one should expect to produce a crop of wrapping tobacco cured in such miserably constructed buildings as were in general use a few years ago. In his opinion, it is not damp air or dry air, but dead air, that spoils tobacco in the curing. Build no tobacco barns over 36 feet wide, three tiers with peak—two is better—having well ventilated doors swing out at the bottom to break wind, rain and the sun and so arranged as to close tight in bad weather and at short notice. Barns of two or three acre capacity will prove in a 10 years' run to be the most profitable in getting perfectly cured tobacco. His formula is 2,500 pounds of cottonseed meal, 300 to 500 pounds of sun dried fish, 600 pounds of pure cotton hull ashes or sulphate of potash with boneblack, 300 pounds No. 1 lime, slacked, for light soils, to 500 pounds on heavy soil, all to be applied two weeks before transplanting. This will provide sufficient plant food for any acre of tobacco.

An acre fertilized as above will in time produce tobacco of good flavor and burning qualities and wrappers in proportion to the care in harvesting, curing and handling which will outrank in flavor and quality any tobacco raised on barnyard manure and at a far less expense as far as the application is concerned.

A Fertilizer Plan.

The plan of the farmers who use large quantities of fertilizers is to put all the manure on the corn, or, if they do not grow corn, on some crop that has similar feeding habits and is planted on sod. The time for applying the manure is often just after the meadows are cut and harvesting is over. This is a much more convenient time than in spring, when all work is pressing, and the work is done more easily, because the ground is not soft or muddy. On level ground it is not probable that much, if any, of the value of the manure is wasted by this summer application. This manure and sod should provide ample food for a heavy corn crop. After that will come potatoes, with a heavy dressing of fertilizer, this crop to be followed by small grain and grass, says Rural New Yorker.

The Russian Thistle.

The United States senate has inserted in the agricultural appropriation bill an item of $1,000,000 "for the destruction of the Russian cactus, to be apportioned by the secretary of agriculture among the several states infested, said apportionment to be made in accordance with the necessities of the case, to be ascertained by the secretary and to be paid to the governor of each of said states upon his executing an obligation on behalf of his state that the sum so paid shall be faithfully applied in connection with any sum which may be raised for that purpose in his state for the destruction of said cactus."

Red Cedars For Windbreaks.

Red cedars make fine windbreaks in many places in the west where pines cannot be successfully raised. A windbreak of evergreen possesses many evident advantages over one of deciduous trees, and it is to be regretted that the small extra difficulty of growing the former so often decides people in favor of the latter.

Does the Farm Need Potash?

Do you notice that potash is the hardest element for a farmer back from the coast to secure? The greater part of our potash used for fertilizing purposes comes from Germany, and farmers in the interior, unless they can obtain wood ashes, must pay the increase of freight and transportation. They cannot understand why they can obtain bone and blood for a very reasonable rate, but must pay a much greater price for fertilizers containing potash when the eastern experiment stations all quote it at a very low rate. At the seaboard bone and blood are higher and potash lower than in the west, and for the same reason—viz, the cost of transportation—explains Rural New Yorker, which also says that a great many of the fertilizer trials at the west are of little value because the farmer who made them left out the potash almost entirely. This is a great mistake. Blood and bone alone will not answer on farms that have been cropped with grain for many years.

General News and Notes.

Rural free delivery of mail does not appear to be regarded with favor by the postoffice department at present.

Kerosene as an insecticide is much liked in fighting certain kinds of insects. It is generally used in the form of an emulsion, in which the oil and water are united by some sticky material like soap. Artificial poultry growing will soon have a great future. The business is yet in its infancy. In English dairy sections it is getting to be a common practice to preserve ensilage by simply stacking the green herbage and weighting.

ANIMAL SENTRIES.

They Are Posted by the Flock or Herd to Guard Against Surprise.

The too eager sportsman is often balked of a shot by the watchful sentinel posted to guard the flock or the herd against surprise. Posting a sentry is the most universal of the instincts which use organization as a means of defense. Chamois, ibex and other mountain antelopes always post a sentinel. Always when a herd of seals is sleeping on the rocks there is a watcher. This instinct, The Spectator informs us, survives even in animal captivity.

"When the prairie dogs at the zoo occupied a small paddock, they always kept a sentinel on duty, although he seldom uttered his warning whistle, having learned probably that the visitors would not come inside the railings. The prairie dogs at the Jardin d'Acclimatation of Paris observe the same precaution." As is well known, wild geese are particularly wary in this respect. Mr. St. John says that "they seem to act in so organized and cautious a manner when feeding or roosting as to defy all danger. When a flock of wild geese has fixed on a field of newly sown grain to feed in, before alighting they make numerous circling flights, and the least suspicious object prevents them from pitching.

"Supposing that all is right and they do alight, the whole flock for a space of a minute or two remain motionless, with erect head and neck, reconnoitering the country around. They now appear to have made up their mind that all is safe and are contented to leave one sentry, who either stands on some elevated part of the field or walks slowly with the rest—never, however, venturing to pick up a single grain of corn, his whole energies being employed in watching. The most curious part has to follow. When a sentry thinks he has performed a fair share of the duty, he gives the bird nearest him a sharp peck."

Mr. St. John declares that he has seen the sentry occasionally pull out a bunch of feathers when the first hint was not immediately attended to and at the same time utter a querulous cry. Wild swans are almost as cautious as wild geese. The signal of danger differs with the species of animals, but the alarm note seems to be universally understood by the sentinel's followers. Wild geese and swans have a peculiar call, as of a bugle, rabbits and sheep stamp on the ground; wild ducks utter a low and cautious quack; elephants whistle; ibex and mountain sheep whistle.—Rod and Gun.

HAVE YOU INDIGESTION?

Perhaps There Is a Hint For You In This Story of Some Ailing Chickens.

"Troubled with indigestion, are you? Feel all puffed up, eh? Well, it's a pity that some one couldn't treat you the way my brother-in-law's wife treated her chickens. That was when they lived out in Lewistown, Pa."

"Going to tell us another story now, I suppose, like those about catching herring in the grass and hunting shad with a dog and gun, ain't you?"

Without paying any attention to this slighting remark the Jerseyman went on:

"My brother-in-law's wife had a fine crop of chickens that summer. They were all hatched that spring and were growing well when one day the whole flock got at a bag of dry cornmeal and filled their crops full of it. The first thing my brother-in-law's wife knew of this was when the meal began to swell and turn sour, and the whole troop of chickens were waddling around with crops twice their regular size and every chicken looking like the bass drummer in a German band. You see, the chickens either had got at water too soon or else didn't have gravel enough in their crops to grind up the meal, and it wouldn't digest and seemed likely to burst them.

"There was no one by to give help or advice, and my brother-in-law's wife wasn't going to lose that lot of more than 100 fine chickens if she could help it, so she started right in to do the best she could. The children caught the chickens and brought them to her, and with her buttonhole scissors she cut a slit in each one of their crops. She squeezed out the cornmeal, washed their crops out and sewed them up again. The chickens seemed grateful. They were kept quiet for a couple of days, fed lightly, and every one of them recovered."—New York Sun.

Long Farms In Maine.

Maine probably has many oddly shaped farms, but we doubt if one can be found more peculiar in form than that in the east part of Dexter, formerly owned by the pioneer blacksmith Elijah W. Sprague. This was eight rods wide and a half mile long, with the highway cutting it at right angles into unequal portions. The inconvenience of so narrow a farm, with pasturage and woodland at one end, is obvious to any one, but in this form it has continued from the days of the forefathers to the present time, in use as a farm all the time. A farm only 20 rods wide and about half a mile long was in use a great many years near Farmington Falls and may be so used yet for all the writer knows, but the Dexter farm beats it by nearly two-thirds for narrowness and general oddity. Farms of this shape are numerous in Canada.—Lewiston Journal.

Self Examination.

Let not sleep fall upon thy eyes till thou hast thrice examined the transactions of the past day. Where have I turned aside from rectitude? What have I been doing? What have I left undone which I ought to have done? Begin thus from the first act and proceed, and in conclusion at the ill which thou hast done be troubled and rejoice for the good.—Pythagoras.

Mrs. Pepys' Temper.

Being at supper, my wife did say something that caused me to oppose her in. She used the word devil, which vexed me, and, among other things, I said I would not have her to use that word, upon which she took me up most scornfully, which, before Ashwell and the rest of the world, I know not nowadays how to check, as I would heretofore, for less than that would have made me strike her. So that I fear without great discretion I shall go near to lose, too, my command over her, and nothing do if more than giving her this occasion of dancing and other pleasures, whereby her mind is taken up from her business and finds other sweets besides pleasing of me, and so makes her that she begins not at all to take pleasure in me or study to please me as heretofore.—Diary of Samuel Pepys.

An Unlucky Shot.

"I am not a very good shot," said R. B. Coleman, "and this fact gave me a great deal of trouble at one time. I borrowed a valuable dog from a friend and went hunting. The animal became rattled when he found that I knew nothing about hunting. Rabbit after rabbit was started up, and I missed them as fast as they came. Finally the dog grew tired and concluded to catch them on his own hook. He soon started another, and as it jumped the dog jumped after it just as I fired. The shot went into the head of the dog, and he died without a groan. The rabbit ran a short distance and then stopped and looked back, as if to mock me. Of course I paid for the dog, but my friend has never forgiven me, and I have not gone hunting since."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Weber was very temperate in his habits, but insisted on drinking three glasses of wine and no more every day with his dinner.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Republicans Increased Our Cash and Decreased Our Debt and Interest.

Will you be kind enough to state the amount of the money in the national treasury on March 4, 1893, and at the same date four years later?
CHARLES E. WEBER.

We have not at hand the figures asked for on March 4, but give those at the end of each fiscal year June 30, 1889 and 1893, as supplied in the statistical abstract of the United States, published by the treasury department, as follows:

CASH IN TREASURY.

June 30.	
1889	$643,113,172 01
1890	691,253,034 20
1891	694,083,839 83
1892	746,937,681 03
Increase in four years	$103,824,509 02

It will be seen that within four years the cash in the treasury increased by $103,824,509. In this connection it is interesting to compare the amount of the national debt, less cash in the treasury, and also the per capita debt, as supplied by the same official authority. Thus:

DEBT LESS CASH IN TREASURY.

June 30.		Per capita.
1889	$975,939,750 22	$15 92
1890	890,784,370 53	14 22
1891	851,912,751 78	13 32
1892	841,526,463 60	12 87
Decrease four years, 1889-92	134,413,286 62	3 05

Here it is seen that during the four years ending June 30, 1892, the national debt, less cash in the treasury, decreased by $134,413,286.62, or at the rate of $3.05 per head of our population. This showing is slightly different from that made during the first year of the present administration, which added almost $75,000,000 to the national debt. It is of further interest to study the amount of interest paid on the national debt within the same period, which, it will be seen, decreased by $17,623,366, or at the rate of 19 cents per capita:

INTEREST PAID.

June 30.		Per capita.
1889	$41,001,484 29	$0.[illegible]
1890	36,099,284 05	.47
1891	37,547,135 37	.37
1892	23,378,116 23	.35
Decrease four years, 1889-92	17,623,368 06	.19

CHILE FOR PROTECTION.

Premiums to Be Paid to Foster the Growth of New Industries.

Through the bureau of American republics of the department of state we learn that the Chilean government has vigorously taken up the question of industrial progress and seeks the co-operation of the local agricultural, mining and manufacturing societies. In order to augment the productive manufacturing power of Chile, the Society For the Promotion of Manufactures has suggested to the government that the sum of $600,000 be disbursed annually for a number of years as premiums for the establishment of certain industries, to be divided as follows:

Ironworks capable of producing a certain number of tons of iron per annum	$50,000
Cotton mill	50,000
Linen factory	50,000
Nitrate of potash factory	25,000
Superphosphate factory	25,000
Glass factory	50,000
Earthenware factory	50,000
Sack factory	50,000
Hat factory	25,000
White paper factory	25,000
Match factory, wax or wood	25,000

This attempt to foster and develop the production of manufacturing enterprises in Chile is to be supplemented by extensively advertising the possibilities of that country in these several directions. To the manufacturers in the United States it opens up a prospect for further competition, especially in South American trade, which is of equal interest to both labor and capital.

PRESIDENTIAL PREVARICATION.

Which Shows "the Result of Patriotic and Unselfish Work."

President Cleveland's message to congress, Dec. 4, 1893.	President Cleveland's letter to Hon. William L. Wilson, July 2, 1894.
A measure has been prepared by the appropriate congressional committee embodying tariff reform on the lines herein suggested. It is the result of much patriotic and unselfish work. The committee have wisely embraced in their plans a modified internal revenue taxes, including a small tax upon the incomes derived from certain corporate investments.	You know how much I deprecated the incorporation in the proposed bill of the income tax feature.

If "I deprecated the incorporation" in the Wilson bill "of the income tax feature," why was it necessary to say that the ways and means committee "wisely embraced" it?

If the income tax were "wisely embraced" by the ways and means committee "on the lines herein suggested"—in "my message"—on what grounds can it be claimed "how much I deprecated" it?

Which is "the result of much patriotic and unselfish work?"

Editor Dana Short on Wheat.

"Any great fall of the price of wheat is no longer possible, as the consumption increases faster than the production."

The above remark was made by Mr. Charles A. Dana, the editor of The Sun, when interviewed in Paris. Mr. Dana may be correct in stating that "any great fall in the price of wheat is no longer possible," because farmers have seen the price of wheat tumble down to bedrock since the election of a Democratic administration, which was aided and abetted by The Sun.

Mr. Dana is wrong, however, in stating that "the consumption increases faster than the production." There was a surplus of wheat stocks throughout the world larger by 52,000,000 bushels July 1, 1894, than on the same date two years ago, larger by 65,000,000 bushels than three years ago, larger by 80,000,000 bushels than four years ago and larger by 80,000,000 bushels than five years ago, when the area planted to wheat was 5,000,000 acres greater than last season's area. Mr. Dana should not be led away by wheat statistical theorists. He should study facts.

"Tariff Reform."



LEGISLATION FOR A TRUST AND DIRECT TAXATION FOR THE PEOPLE.

Fling Out the Banner.

The Democratic campaign banner of the future will have a representation of a sugar certificate, with the words, "Our trust," ornamentally displayed thereon.—Boston Journal.

A Quarantine as Is a Quarantine.

The main point is this: If the Democracy has never been Democratic, is it not now too late for it to be Democratized?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Just Note the Difference.

The difference is this: Cleveland sends his orders to the house, while Havemeyer sends his orders to the senate.—Chicago Tribune.

O GREAT GROVER!

MAY THE PRAYER OF THE RIGHTEOUS AVAIL US MUCH.

He Spoke In Parables, but Now His People Have True Understanding—He Prepareth Them For a Life of Ease and Plenty. They Toil Not; Neither Do They Eat.

O great and all wise Grover, once more we thank thee for thy bountiful goodness toward us.

O great master, we thank thee for the privilege of putting sackcloth upon our backs and of sitting in ashes and of eating thy free trade soup.

O great master, we know that thou speakest in parables to us, for hast thou not said in one of thy speeches that wheat would be worth $1 25 per bushel, and that wages would be high if we would only make thee our president? Now, great master, it is all clear to us that thou speakest in parables, and that thy meaning was that, when McKinley and Reed should be elected in 1896, then we shouldst receive a high price for our wheat and high wages for our labor. But, great master, we love thee still, for we know that when thou art done with us that we will be fit subjects for a dime museum, there to earn plenty and rest in peace.

O great master, we know that the Breckinridge scandal has grieved thee sorely, and we know that when thou art grieved thou goest a-fishing in Buzzard's bay.

O great master, the supply of thy Cleveland badges is running short. The season of the howling blizzards is approaching, and we have not the wherewithal to replace thy badges.

O great master, we know thou hast often told us that the road of a free trader is a hard road to travel in this country, but blessed is he that endureth to the end, even though his friends be not able to recognize him.

If thou wilt only veto this Wilson bill, we will stand by thee, firmly till 1896. Then we will hurrah loudly for McKinley and Reed.

O great Grover, we are growing thin upon the substance of things doubtful and things not seen. Wilt thou not do something, O great master, before thy term of office dost expire, for then thou wilt be a nobody, a nincompoop with no power and not able to do anything.

O great master, what is congress doing? Is it steeped in the slimy mud of partisan prejudice or hidden by the vapor rising 'midst its pampered imagination. It has blown its trumpet long and loud, but it has done us no good.

O great master, has this great congress which was on thy hands dropped through the crater into the mire and stuck there? Of a truth, master, there is but little danger that archaeological research will ever unearth its lonely habitat, for is it not true, O Grover, that only the crudest fossils exist in that lower strata?

O great Grover, that free trade song which thou has sung is but as a chestnut. It has been sung and sung and sung again with variations. Yea, verily, it has been sung time and time again until all the people have grown weary of its dull monotone.

O great master, why hast thou not done something in these long 18 months of our weary wait, thou who hast had to bear with the lean of thy kind? It would even be a merciful act, O great and good Mr. Grover, to drive us from this earthly existence, for we are longing, longing, longing for a change.

JOHN D. WINN.

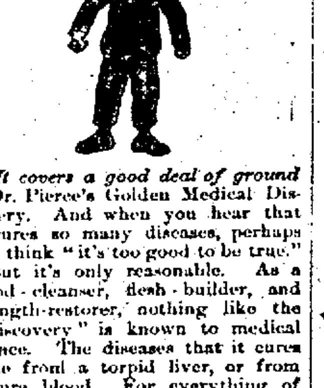
Independence, Or.

Will Fete the Yale Men.

Mrs. Phipps, whose husband is a partner of Andrew Carnegie, and who has taken Lord Lytton's place at Knebworth, has invited the Yale men to visit her, and she will give a ball in their honor. Her son, a Yale undergraduate, knows the men of the team well and went over on the New York with them.

A Pretty Variation.

At Tufts college class day this year the girl students marched in the procession for the first time. It was only the freshman class whose ranks were thus varied. The Boston Herald says, "A very pretty variation they were, too, and a much more unfamiliar one than they will be in the future."



It covers a good deal of ground
—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. And when you hear that it cures so many diseases, perhaps you think "it's too good to be true."

But it's only reasonable. As a blood-cleanser, flesh-builder, and strength-restorer, nothing like the "Discovery" is known to medical science. The diseases that it cures come from a torpid liver, or from impure blood. For everything of this nature, it is the only *guaranteed* remedy. In Dyspepsia, Biliousness; all Bronchial, Throat and Lung affections; every form of Scrofula, even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula) in its earlier stages, and in the most stubborn, Skin and Scalp Diseases—if it ever fails to benefit, or cure, you have your money back.

The worst cases of Chronic Catarrh in the Head, yield to Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. So certain is it that its makers offer $500 reward for an incurable case.

Not one minute elapses between the taking of One Minute Cough Cure and relief. Why shouldn't people take One Minute Cough Cure. They should. They do. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Begin the New Year aright and get your Insurance written by W. F. Specht.

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cure as anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cold or cough with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cure. Better medicine; better result; better try it. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist. Smethport.

Bucklins Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever, corns and skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Frank R. Foster, Druggist.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone stifles, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport Pa.

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In good, reliable companies.

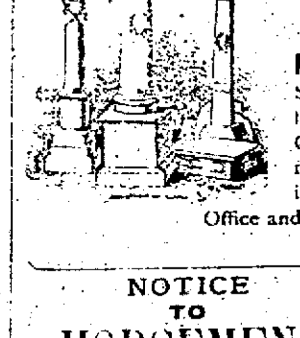
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Prompt attention to orders by wire.



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MERCHANT -:- TAILOR,
Opposite Billiard Room,
Main Street, Smethport, Pa.,
Keeps an assortment of English and French Goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire satisfaction guaranteed.
Boys' suits to order, from $3.50 to $5 and up, including extra pair pants. Gents' fine Suits from $12 to $17 and up. Gents' fine Pants to order for $6.50 and up. Give me a call and select your goods and leave your measure.
V. Klappenbach

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JEAN CHOUAN.
He is 15 3-4 hands high; Weighs 1500 pounds; Is pure blood French Draft Stock; Imported from France 1888; Is Registered in France and America. He is one of the finest French Horses in Pennsylvania.
He will make the season at the following Places:
PORT ALLEGANY, Thursdays and Fridays.
Balance of the time at SMETHPORT at PALMER & THOMPSON'S Stables.
TERMS, $10 To Insure.
SMETHPORT DRAFT HORSE CO.
GEO. S. GREER, Manager. Owners.

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The Allerton at $75, $80 and $85, according to terms and equipments, is the best medium-priced wheel on the market. It has high frame and is up to date. Weighs 28 pounds. The Cleveland, price $100 formerly $160. The bargain of bargains, but don't forget our old reliable standby, THE RAMBLER.
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$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4.$3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE.
$2.$1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES.
$3.$2.50 $2.$1.75 BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE
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You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes.
Because, we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by
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MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

TIME TABLE — WESTERN NEW YORK & PENNSYLVANIA

In effect Jul. 8, 1894.

Trains leave Smethport for Larrabee, Eldred, Olean, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

BUFFALO EXPRESS......9.15 A. M.
BUFFALO MAIL......[illegible] P. M.

Train leaving Smethport at 2.35 p. m. connects at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Salamanca, Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south:

CLERMONT MAIL......[illegible] A. M.
CLERMONT ACCOMMOD'N......[illegible] P. M.
LOCAL......7.40 P. M.

Clermont Mail connects through to Johnsonburgh.

Get Time Tables giving full information from A. E. WORNER, Ticket Agent.
[illegible], General Sup't.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r Agent, Buffalo, N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between Bradford, Kane & the Elk county oil field.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY [illegible] 1894.

WESTWARD.		STATIONS.	EASTWARD.	
p. m.	p. m. a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
7 45	9 37	ar. Bradford. lv	[illegible]	[illegible]
7 03	8 57	Kinzua Junct'n	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 51	8 49	Aiken	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 15	8 40	Davis	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 22	8 31	Simpson	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 24	8 17	Grimsby	[illegible]	[illegible]
2 45	7 47	Smethport	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 60	7 30	Mt. Jewett	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 40	6 30	Kane	10 15	[illegible]
4 45		Carlsons	10 45	
4 34		Spring Creek	11 05	
4 11		Sheffield J.	11 40	
4 07		Watson	11 5[illegible]	
2 20		Marienville	12 [illegible]	
1 00		Clarion	2 5[illegible]	
12 15		Foxburg	3 47	
11 40		Parker	4 [illegible]	
11 10		Petrolia	4 [illegible]	
11 05		Karns	4 40	
10 50		Millerstown	4 5[illegible]	
10 [illegible]		Butler	5 [illegible]	
9 15		Wildwood	7 05	
7 30		Allegheny	7 45	
a. m.			p. m.	

JNO. C. McKENNA, Superintendent.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway
THE SHORT LINE

On and after June 17, 1894, passenger trains between, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca, Bradford, Ridgway, DuBois, Punxsutawney and the Coal and Lumber Regions of Pennsylvania, will leave Bradford and Mt. Jewett, daily except Sunday, as follows:

LEAVE BRADFORD—EAST BOUND.

7.45 a. m.—Buffalo & Rochester Express—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy and Rochester.

2.15 p. m.—Mail—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy and Rochester.

[illegible] p. m.—Buffalo Express—Daily. For Limestone, Carrollton, Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden and Buffalo.

LEAVE MT. JEWETT—SOUTH-BOUND.

6.02 a. m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

2.57 p. m.—Mail—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

Thousand Mile Tickets, good for passage between all stations, at two cents per mile.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before entering the cars. An excess charge of TEN CENTS will be collected by Conductors when fares are paid on trains, from all stations where a Ticket Office is maintained.

For time tables and full information call on or address any of the Company's agents, or

D. LUNDERGAN, Agent Bradford, Pa.
EDWARD C. LAPEY,
R. G. MATTHEWS, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Gen'l Superintendent, Rochester, N.Y. Buffalo, N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Nov. 18th, 1894.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION.

EASTWARD.

8.25 a. m.—Train 4, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia [illegible] p. m., New York 10.00 p. m., Baltimore 7.30 p. m., Washington, 8.37 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

3.00 p. m.—Train 6, daily except Sunday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.30 a. m., New York 7.33 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

9.20 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 a. m., New York 9.33 a. m., 10.35 a. m. Sundays; Baltimore 6.20 a. m. Washington 7.40 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia, and Williamsport to Baltimore. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg.

WESTWARD.

5.10 a. m.—Train 1, daily except Sunday for Ridgway, DuBois Clermont and intermediate stations, leaves Ridgway 3.00 p. m. for Erie.

10.25 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and intermediate stations.

7.30 p. m.—Train 11 daily except Sunday, Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH:

Train 1 leaves Renovo 6:35 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Jc. [illegible] a. m. Train 11 leaves Philadelphia 8.50 a. m., Washington a. m. 7.30, Baltimore [illegible] a. m., Wilkesbarre 10.15 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 7.50 p. m. with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Kane. Train 3, leaves New York 8.00 p. m., Philadelphia 11.20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m., Baltimore 11.20 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium June. 10.25 a. m., with Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD.
Daily except Sunday.

NORTH A. M. Lv.	STATIONS.	SOUTH Ar. A. M.
9 40	Ridgway	11 [illegible]
9 55	Johnsonburg	11 [illegible]
10 10	Glen Hazel	11 [illegible]
10 19	Straight	11 [illegible]
10 24	Instanter	11 [illegible]
10 30	Smith's Run	11 [illegible]
10 37	Woodvale	11 [illegible]
10 45	Clermont	1 [illegible]

Connections are made with train 1, leaving Johnsonburg at 3:15 p. m., for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at [illegible] p. m. also at Ridgway with train 6, leaving Ridgway at 1:45 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, Dec. 16, 1893.

Ar. EASTW'D.			STATIONS.	L'v WESTW'D.		
A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
10.25	8 07	1.00	Coudersport	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.56	8.01	12.56	Pine Creek Jc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.55	7.58	12.50	Hammond	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.50	7.56	12.64	Fish Basket	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.47	7.54	12.50	Olmsted	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.41	7.50	12.45	Mina	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.32	7.44	12.38	Knowlton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.27	7.40	12.33	Roulette	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.14	7.27	12.23	Burtville	9.04	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.06	7.25	12.16	Coleman	9.11	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.00	7.20	12.11	Port Allegany	9.15	[illegible]	[illegible]

PINE CREEK DIVISION.

1.08 p m	8 15 a m	Coudersport	a m 7.38 p m	[illegible]
1.11	8 18	Pine Creek Junction	7.02	[illegible]
1.17	8.24	Fair Grounds	7.00	[illegible]
1.20	8 27	Ladona	6.5[illegible]	[illegible]
1.28	8.35	Sweden Valley	[illegible]	[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.
B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA R. R. TIME TABLE.
Took effect Monday, July 16th, 189[illegible]

4	3	1	STATIONS.	2	[illegible]	[illegible]
p. m.	p. m.	a m	Ar. Dp.	a. m.	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	2215	9.50	Keating	9.25	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.10	1.30	9.40	Cowley Junc.	9.35	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.28	1.25	8.15	Austin	10.20	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.30	......	8.50	Costello	10.30	[illegible]	[illegible]
5.42	......	7.46	Wharton	10.38	[illegible]	[illegible]
5.32	......	7.32	Brooks	11.28	[illegible]	[illegible]
5.05	......	7.10	Hull	11.30	[illegible]	[illegible]
4.30	......	6.00	Cross Fork Jc	12.25	[illegible]	[illegible]
3.22	......	5.56	Germania	1.25	[illegible]	[illegible]
3.11	......	5.30	Galeton	1.25	[illegible]	[illegible]
p. m.	p. m.	a. m	Dp. Ar.	p. m.	[illegible]	[illegible]
	p. m.	a. m	Cross Fork Br.	a. m.	[illegible]	
	6.20	6.30	ar Cr F'k Jc dp	12.22	[illegible]	
	5.20	5.10	dp Cross F'k ar	1.22	[illegible]	

H. HUTCHINSON, Train Master. C. W. [illegible], Gen'l Manager.

$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS

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